Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
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Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NESTLE'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

NO. 55,176—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 4-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
29th Oct.	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
3rd Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
26th "	ARABIA	7903	....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	* ARCADIA	7000	....	...
26th "	PERSIA	7951	....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7598	....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903	....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 440 or Rs. 591	Rs. 743 or Rs. 991
To London or Sea	Rs. 525 or Rs. 617	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	12th Nov. 1910
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	29th " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	24th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	974
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,088
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH)
VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

	Tons	Leave Bombay about
s. s. Umsinga	4,500	30th November, 1910.

Fare Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to :—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

CLARKES. B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	28th Oct.	6 a.m.*	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	31st	11 a.m.	†P D & C M
Kasara	1195	Thurs.	3rd Nov.	9 a.m.	via C. M.

*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara," 1195 tons, on Thursday, 3rd Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and carg on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Nerbudda," 3025 tons, on Monday, the 31st October-calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Warora," 3950 tons, on or about the 5th November.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

27th October, 1910.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES Booked without charge.
BERTHS Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA : GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON : GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lefont	4th Nov.
SALAZIE	4,147	Riquier	24th Nov.
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	19th Jan. 1911.
NERA	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. "
YARRA	4,142	X	16th Mar. "
DUMBEA	5,664	Rebutat	13th Apl. "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	11th May "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	8th June "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Australien	6,365	Guionnet	4th Nov. 1910.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	2nd Dec. "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Baldnino	4,589	D. Maganznie,	15th Nov. 1910
R. Rubattino	4580	L. Manchini,	15th Dec. "
D. Baldnino	4,580	D. Maganznie,	15th Jan. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class*	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728 ; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1910
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Dec. "
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Jan. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 89 Hornby Road.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
b Markgraf	3,680	Ihle	12th Nov.
a President	3,300	Jacobsen	22nd Nov.
a Kanzler	3,000	Schuett	6th Dec.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will Call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co., Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 18th October, 1910.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE :

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	" 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart. (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. B. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhaonuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY Esq., (Messrs. Keerjee Khursey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Gamnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. DARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re 1 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon ; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager

LIQUID LIPPS

is the name by which the Popular Pianos manufactured by RICHARD LIPP are known. In both Hemispheres—Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and the Far East, the

LIQUID LIPPS

are known and appreciated. The Popularity of these Pianos is evidenced by testimonials from all parts of the globe testifying unanimously to their excellent qualities in detail.

LIQUID LIPPS

are the Pianos par excellence for India as they are built and warranted to stand the extremes of a tropical climate in that they have complete metal frames cast in one piece and yet maintain all that

LIQUIDNESS OF TONE

which is the outstanding feature of these celebrated and covetable Pianos combining as they also do the desirable musical quality of

LIQUID TOUCH

which is capable of the most exquisite expression and farther they will stand absolutely in perfect tune to the recognised full musical pitch in any climate. The pitch known as

PHILHARMONIC

which is higher than the pitch at which most Pianos are tuned in India. The most moderate priced Piano ever offered in India.

SOL AGENT IN INDIA :

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

FOR THE HOT SEASON!

ACHILLE BRIOSCHI & CO.

MILAN-ITALY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1880.

Diplomas awarded at Principal Exhibitions of the World.

Brioschi's EFFERVESCENT CITRATE is very light and of exquisite taste.
This Effervescent Citrate prevents gastric acid and nausea, and is highly recommended as a tonic.
Do you want a refreshing beverage during the hot season? Then make use of BRIOSCHI'S CITRATE.
Do you wish your children always to be kept in good health? Then use freely BRIOSCHI'S CITRATE.
Never leave your house without putting a tin of BRIOSCHI'S CITRATE in your hand-bag.
It is taken in water, or mixed with syrup, essences, or wines and also with coffee.
Annual consumption 1,500 tons. In Tins at 10 annas. In Bottles at 12 annas.

SOLE AGENTS :

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

THE ITALIAN STORES,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

And can be had everywhere in BOMBAY.

PRICE LIST FOR WINES AND PROVISIONS FREE ON APPLICATION.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

Scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Myaphal and Carbolic Acid B.P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

PEARSE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED.

KILN DRIED FLOUR

in 7lb. tin.

DOG AND SHIP BISCUITS

VERY SUPERIOR.

PEARSE & CO.,

By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR

ESTABLISHED 1872.

CHOICE

ENGLISH & ITALIAN

PASTRY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
Chester	125°	" "
Monkey	125°	" "
Elephant		in tins and bulk.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

The Firm for CHOCOLATES.

CHOCOLATE CREAMS,	CHOCOLATE IN FANCY BOXES,
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS,	CAILLER'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE NOUGAT,	FRY'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE CROQUETTES,	PETER'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE IN PACKETS,	CADBURY'S CHOCOLATE.
CHOCOLATE IN TINS,	

Mongini's Fresh-made Assorted CHOCOLATE in 1/2 lb. and 1 lb. Cartons, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

NEW CONFECTIONERY and CHOCOLATE WORKS:—15, 16, 17, TAMARIND LANE.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT. BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

THE OFFICE of the SHIPPING MASTER, Bombay, will be MOVED from the Hornby Road to the 1st FLOOR of the Building, situated at the corner of APOLLO and FORBES STREETS, near Government Dockyard, on and from the 31st instant.

J. E. P. CURRY,
Ag. Shipping Master, Bombay.

Government Shipping Office,
Bombay, 26th October, 1910.

NOTICE.

SALE OF SANDALWOOD.

TENDERS are invited for the PURCHASE of about 1,542 Mds. of SANDALWOOD, stored in Tiruppattur Forest Range Office Depot, North Salem District. One maund equals 28lbs. Avoirdupois.

The Tenders should reach the District Forest Officer, North Salem, on or before the 21st November, 1910.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100 in Currency Notes, current in the Madras Presidency or Earnest Deposit Chalan. No cash will be accepted.

The Tenderers should refer to the "Fort Saint George Gazette," dated 25th October, 1910, or subsequent issues for farther details or they may apply to the District Forest Officer, North Salem, Madras Presidency.

F. L. C. COWLEY BROWN,
District Forest Officer, North Salem.

"TRUE COPY."

J. R. COOMBES,
For District Forest Officer, Salem North.

D. S. N., 22nd October, 1910.

NOTICE.

TICKETS of ADMISSION to the Cathedral, Bombay, on the occasion of the WEDDING of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR on 4th November, 1910, can be obtained by those who may wish to be present, on application to—

The Revd. C. M. BARHAM,
Acting Archdeacon,
St. Thomas's Cathedral,
BOMBAY.

THE WEDDING will take place at 11-45 A.M. Holders of Tickets are requested to be in their places by 11-30 A. M.

Special arrangements will be made for any Ruling Chiefs who may happen to be in Bombay on the 4th November and who may wish to be present at the ceremony, if they will communicate with the Military Secretary before October 31st.

By Order,
ERIC DRUMMOND, Captain,
Offg. Military Secretary to
H. E. The Governor.

Government House, Ganeshkhind,
21st October, 1910.

POLICE ORDER.

AS the Diwali Festival is now approaching the Public are hereby CAUTIONED against LETTING OFF or THROWING FIRE-WORKS, on or near any Public Street, Road, or Thoroughfare, and are informed that any one committing a BREACH of the Law in this respect will be taken into the custody by the Police and dealt with according to Law. The Police have been directed to enforce this Order strictly.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 25th October, 1910.

THE OFFICER, COMMANDING 1st Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, stationed at Bombay and Deolali, calls attention to the fact that under the Army Act, a soldier cannot be placed under STOPPAGES OF PAY for a PRIVATE DEBT, and that, if the inhabitants suffer Soldiers to contract debts, they do so at their own risk.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of MISCELLANEOUS STORES to the above Railway, for the year 1911, will be received by the Agent and Manager up to 4 P. M. on the 21st November, 1910.

2. Full particulars, together with Tender form, may be obtained from the Store Keeper, Secunderabad, on payment of two Rupees.

TO LET.

ENTIRE HOUSE, No. 57, Hornby Road, Fort, or sep rate FLATS, for non-Parsi residences or offices. Apply to N. M. Dubash, 215, Girgaum Back Road, near Sir Mangaldass House.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR INDIGENOUS STORES, LOCKS AND LEATHER GOODS.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent, at his Office, near Church Gate Railway Station, Bombay, up to 3 P.M. on MONDAY, 14th November, 1910, for the SUPPLY of STORES, required for the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Company's system, for the year 1911, commencing from the 1st January next.

2. Forms giving particulars of the approximate quantities required for delivery at Bombay and Ajmer, and conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, and from the Deputy Storekeeper's Office, Ajmer.

Form No. 1.—Consists of miscellaneous Stores, Parel Delivery.

Form No. 2.—Consists of miscellaneous Stores, Ajmer Delivery.

Form No. 3—Leather goods, Ajmer Delivery.

The whole or any of the above forms can be had on payment of Rs. 2 per each copy.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender, without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer will be required to supply at the rate quoted and sign an agreement for the due fulfilment of the contract.

4. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Indigenous Stores, etc.," and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand), must accompany all or any of the 3 Tenders, without which no Tender will be considered. In the event of a contractor whose Tender has been accepted failing to execute the contract the above deposit will be liable to forfeiture at the discretion of the Agent.

5. If Government Paper and other securities be submitted, they must be endorsed in favor of the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Company or order. Only securities and Government Paper bearing interest of not less than 3½ per cent. per annum will be accepted.

6. A further deposit will have to be made by the successful Tenderer so as to make the total deposit equal to five per cent. of the total amount of the accepted Tenders. No interest will be allowed on cash deposit.

7. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's samples which may be seen at Parel or Ajmer.

8. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

R. WOOLLCOMBE,
Chief Storekeeper.

Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel,
Bombay, 13th October, 1910.

POONA RACING SEASON.

THE CONNAUGHT HOTEL, POONA.

SELECT, well managed, replete with chary comfort and the leading HOTEL in the Station, well maintains its high character

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P. M. (B. T.), on Monday, the 7th day of November, 1910, for works in the constructions of LATRINES and URINALS in various parts of Bombay.

2. Plans may be seen and Form of Contract, Specification and all other particulars obtained free of charge on application to the Dy. Executive Engineer, Drainage.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JOSEPH HALL, M. Inst. C. E., M. I. Mech. E. &c.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 26-10-1910.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Collection of Chinese Ancient Porcelain, Japanese old Satsums, real Bronze, Pekin Cloisone and old Indian Brass.

The Collection of a private gentleman.
By Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co.

To the highest bidder on SATURDAY, the 29th October, 1910, at No. 9 Flat, Waterloo Mansions, Wodehouse Road, opposite Hotal Majestic. Sale Commences at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) sharp.

The collection consisting of pieces from the Summer Palace dated Ming, Shun-te, Kang-he, Yung-cheng, Keng-lung, Kia-king and Tau-Kwang of Vases, bowls, plates and very rare figures, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE ON SUNDAY, 30th October.

On SUNDAY, the 30th October, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. Crawford & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Parkfield" Bungalow, old Government House Road, Parel, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood household furniture by Breslauer, Robert and others, rich glassware and porcelainware, best platedware, dining table and chairs, mirrored large sideboard, dinner waggon, dumbwaiter, silk plush lined suite of sofas and chairs, chippendale pattern cabinets, wall brackets, corner cabinets, iron safe on stand, large telescope on stand with case, jardiniers, oil paintings and engravings, revolving top office table with masterkey, revolving and glassdoor book cases, marble-topped dressing, washhand, round and pier tables, iron and wooden bedsteads, single and double mirror almyrahs, chest of drawers, clothes press, veranda seats, wind proof lamps, fancy table ornaments, Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., the property of Frank Welburn, Esquire, of Saraswati Mill, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 28th October, 1910.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

SALE ON SUNDAY, 30th October.

On SUNDAY, the 30th October, at 2-30 P.M., Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on Frere Road, New Mody Bay, opposite the New Post Office, by order of a Cabinet Maker, closing business, all the furniture of his show-room, consisting of single and double almirahs, single and double cabinets, sideboards, dressing cabinet, tile-topped square and fancy teapoys, glass show cases, chest of drawers, corner cabinets, easels, wash-hand tables, picture frames, wall brackets, jardiniers, ladies' writing table, large size office writing table, office chairs, chairs, easy-chairs, hat-stands, vases, caudelabra, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 28th October, 1910.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of High Class Japanese Works of Art and Curios suitable for Christmas Presents, at Home.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co.will sell by Public Auction, at Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office and opposite the National Bank of India, a consignment of 26 cases of Japanese works of art and curios, imported ex. s.s. "Bingo Maru," consisting of valuable and handsome Kutani large and small tea, coffee and toilet sets, large and small Awata vases, cherry-wood arm chairs, artificial flowers, lacquer glove boxes, silk painting fire screens, tooth picks, silk dresses, silk pieces, cotton and silk shirts, silk fans, ash pots, cigar cases, photo frames and albums, silk pin cushions, Kimonos shirts, pyjamas, blouses, whale bones, water colours, 1911 Calendars, jewel boxes, fancy chicks, bronze vases, figures, koro, hat-pins, bracelets, buttons, &c., &c.

The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.).

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature brougham, in good order.
1 handsome rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 handsome strong black waler gelding, goes well in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 23th October, 1910.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the atest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-MORROW
THE
EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE.
GRAND RE-OPENING NIGHT.
OUR SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.
FOR HER SAKE.
A fine breezy Love Story dealing with a Jack Tar and his life. Presented by the Cinematograph in a series of most Pathetic and Convincing Pictures.
THE END OF THE WORLD.
A Screamingly Funny Story of Halley's Comet and the Terrible Trials of the Professer and his friends. A roar from start to finish.
MAX LINDER and FOOLSHEAD.
THE EXCELSIOR COMEDIANS IN FUN, FAST AND FURIOUS.
Many new and attractive films.
THE FAIRY GROUNDS.
Our Picturesque Gardens now laid out in the most approved Continental style and brilliantly illuminated will be thrown open to the public for the first time. A Fairy Land in miniature.
THE POPULAR EXCELSIOR BAND.
Specially augmented for the coming Season will play nightly in the grounds.
BAR UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.
TIME & PRICES AS USUAL.

SUNDAY,
OUR FIRST OF THE SEASON
PRIZE SHOW.
7 to 8 p.m., when the usual costly PRIZES will be given away.

SIGNOR MORI'S
GRAND CHAMBER CONCERT
IN THE
Y. M. C. A. HALL,
WODEHOUSE ROAD, FORT,
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29TH, 1910,
9-15 P. M.
ADMISSION, Re. 1 and As. 8.

SKATING RINK
NEAR NEW POST OFFICE.
OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION 8 to 9 a. m.
LADIES' only " 9 to 10 a. m.
EVENING " 6 to 8.
BAND THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.
NIGHT SESSION 9-30 to 11-30
BAND EVERY NIGHT.

SATURDAYS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
(For all Communities)
MATHERAN.

WELLKNOWN for its position, extent, and suitability of accommodation for Single ladies and gentlemen, and for families. Excellent Cuisine and Cleanliness. Tiled Flooring in every Bedroom, Bathroom, Dressing and Verandah.

Separate Billiard and Restaurant Saloon for the use of the Hotel-residents and for outsiders. Send for printed list of Rates and Charges, and for Card giving details of size of rooms and verandah of each detached block of building.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by a reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—ITCURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. Such as

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 18, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—We have scores of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR:
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.—Decalcifier. The great Calcium solvent will absolutely remove calcium and incrustations from Radiators and other parts. Stocked by THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hammum Street, Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3⅞d. to 1s. 4 3⅞d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H.. Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 2/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:
Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Erabbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

The Bombay Gazette Christmas Number, 1910.

TO BE PUBLISHED
MID-DECEMBER.

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "Bombay Gazette" this year will surpass previous issues in attractiveness and interest.

Each succeeding issue has surpassed its predecessor in literary merit and in circulation, therefore the Proprietors have decided on offering a number this year which will eclipse all previous ones.

Arrangements have been made for a series of Stories and Sketches by a score of the best known authors.

The following are among other features already arranged for:—

THE GOLDEN GIRL,
By
GEORGE R. SIMS.

GENERAL BURTON'S GHOST,
By
KATHARINE TYNAN.

MISTLETOE & ROSEMARY,
By
ALICE & CLAUDE ASKEW.

A CHRISTMAS TOY,
By
TOM GALLON.

NANCY'S NEW YEAR ADVENTURE,
By
HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

THE MAGIC MISTLETOE,
By
W. E. NORRIS.

MERE DROSS,
By
JOHN STRANGE WINTER.

UNCLE BEN,
By
M. H. POYNTER.

A MIDSUMMER CHRISTMAS DAY,
By
W. A. McKENZIE.

A YULETIDE MYSTERY,
By
E. EVERETT GREEN.

LOVE THE MAGICIAN,
By
A. MacCLURE WARNOCK.

DRAWING ROOM MAGIC,
By
CALTON.

HOW SANTA CLAUS CAME TO HOLLY HOUSE,
By
QUEENIE SCOTT-HOOPER.

LOUIS WAIN'S CAT SKETCHES.

PICTORIAL HUMOUR,
By
HILDA COWHAM AND OTHERS.

Sketches by Seymour Hicks, Ellaline Terriss, Harry Lauder, Marie Studholm, and other well-known actors and actresses.

Space for Advertisements will necessarily be restricted and it will therefore be necessary for intending advertisers to apply early for space and position to

THE MANAGER,
The "Bombay Gazette,"
2, Green Street,
FORT.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

A NYAYADHISH, for the Savantvadi State. Pay Rs. 125-5-140 p.m., Judicial experience and knowledge of Marathi necessary. Apply with testimonials to

POLITICAL AGENT,
Savantvadi.

WANTED.

A SMART and ACTIVE BILL COLLECTOR, must give security of Rs. 500, either by deposit of cash or Government Paper.

Apply MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak, F. M. S.)	Manilla	
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu	
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong	
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow	
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai	
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States.	Tientsin	
Kurrachi	Bangkok	Hankow	
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama	
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe	
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York	

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „ 16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tieling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

The Standard Recipe for Home-made Self-Raising Flour.
To every pound of ordinary flour add 2 oz. of
"PAISLEY FLOUR"
Trade Mark
—the *sure* raising powder—and mix dry.
You will then have a self-raising flour superior to anything you can buy—one in which the raising powder has lost none of its virtue by waiting, exposure to air or damp in shops etc.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 9
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, October 26.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	79 1-8—1-3
2 per cent. Rentes	93 3-4—1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	82 3-4—1-4
1-2 per cent. Government Securities	3¾ 1-16 unchgd
Bar silver in London	15 11-16+1-16
Do. 2 months hence ...	26 1-8+1-16

Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet but steady.

Silver in New York	56 1-4+1-8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs—	25-23 1-2unchgd
Do. Berlin ...	20-48 unchgd
Do. New York ...	4-86 5-8—1-2
Discount Bank of England Rate	5 p.c. since 20-10-10
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight...	4 2-3+1-8
Do. Ind an Bank Bills 6 months' sight.	4 3-8+1-8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...	5 1-8+1-8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...	5 1-8+1-8
Interest day to-day loans	4 1-8+1-8
Do. of day market loans ...	4 1-8+1-8
Bar Gold (per oz.) ...	77-9 unchgd
Amount Paid into the Bank of England.	£1,50,000

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 6,000,000.

Rs.	27,23,000	were allotted to Calcutta
,,	24,00,000	,, to Bombay
,,	7,50,000	,, to Madras
Total	Rs. 58,80,000	

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 2-32d. (Min. Rate) received 6 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 2-32d. (Min. Rate) received 6 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta 1607 Bombay, 16'08.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs.	1,20,000	were allotted to Calcutta.
,,	.....	,, to Bombay.
,,	.....	,, to Madras.
Total	Rs. 1,20,000	

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 6 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 6 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta 16'09 and Bombay

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 40,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 70,00,000.

MANCHESTER, October 26.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots... ...	...Good demand, steady.
Futures	... Quiet.
East Indian	... Quiet.
Manchester	... Firm.
Total Sales	10,000
Sales in East Indian ...	500
Sold on Speculation and for Export	500
Imports	... .
Mid.-Americans	... 7-58+22
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown ...	... 12 3-8+1-8

	O.N.	N.-D.	D.-J.
Cotton Delivery	7'52	7'55	7'55
	+ 5	+ 8	+ 8
Mid. Uplands	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
	7'55	7'55	7'55
	+ 6	+ 6	+ 7
U. O. C.	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
	7'55	7'57	7'55
	+ 7	+ 7	+ 7
Liverpool	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.

Grey Shirtings, 41-42 in. 38 yds 16 by 15 at 8 5 1-2

Do. 44 in. 38-38 1-2 yds. 9 lbs. at 8 10 1-2

White Shirtings 40-41 in. 40 yds 18 square at 10-6

Do. Nainsooks 43 in. 19 yds. 22 by 21 at 6 6 1-2

NEW YORK, October 26.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	59,000
Do Last year	63,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	29,000
Do. Exports to Continent	31,000
Spot Cotton—	14-45—15
Futures at New York	Advanced on bull support and short covering and declined on reported slack spot demand.
Dec. 14'24—24	
Do at New York	
Mar. 14'25—24	

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton	14 1-4—1-8
Futures—Month of Dec.	13'03—30
Do. do. Mar. ...	14'20—23
Closing Tone of Futures—Quiet.	

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs C.I.F.	... 36 1-4
Do Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do Name of Ports—London.	
Do Whether Buyers.—Sellers.	
Wheat South Australian.—35 —Arrived—Done.	

SEEDS

Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship	... 46 1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship	... 41
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.— Sellers.	
Tone of Rapeseed.—Quiet.	
Linseed—bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship... 80	
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed.—Firmer.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...	... 65 1-2
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Port—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Buyers.	

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio No. 7 quality. 10 3-4

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags, ... 12 1 1-2

Months of Shipment, May-Aug.—Sellers.

Tone of Sugar—More doing at lower rates.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... 5-1-2—Value—Quiet.

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW AUCTION.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ...	40-3
Do Mutton Tallow ...	42-0
General tone of Tallow Auction ...	Firmer.

BOMBAY, October 27.

EXCHANGE.

The market was steady at 1s. 4 3-32d. T. T. and demand and 1s. 4 11-32d.for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready	1 4 1-16d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 4 3-32d.
T. T. Forward ...	1s. 4 3-32d. 15 Nov.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready	1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 m/s	1s. 4 1-32d.
,, ,, Forward ...	1s. 4 5-16d. J.-M.
,, ,, 6 m/s Ready	1s. 4 1-2d.
Francs 8 m/s ,, ...	171 1-2
Marks 8 m/s ,, ...	139 1-2
60 d/s. Hongkong	133 1 2
,, Shanghai	186 1-4
,, Japan	149

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Government Paper opened at 93-15 ready and forward and declined to 93-14 ready and forward. The budlee difference later on grew wider, and the rates have closed at 94 per cent. ready, 94 per cent. 1st settlement, 95-15 2nd settlement.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London closed 1s. 16d. up both for ready and 2 months' forward at 25 15-16 and 26 1-8 respectively and New York was 1-8 up at 56 1-4.

Locally the silver market opened at Rs. 25-6-0. The London market advanced, but private advices reported "quiet but steady" which caused the local market easier, and closed at Rs. 75-2-0. Demand for ready was dull and about 30 to 40 cases changed hands.

The Gold market remained quiet but steady. Upcountry and local demand was nominal and prices were easier by quarter anna. Sovereigns were in demand as usual and prices for shilds advanced by an anna.

GOLD.

8 touch Fakirsett	Rs. 23	a. p. 9 0
97 touch Chintu	23	7 0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch	23	15 6
National Bank	23	15 6
Chartered Bank	23	15 6
Sovereigns Shield	15	3 6
Do. Dragon	15	0 9
Australian	24	0 6
English Gold	23	15 6
Native Bullion	23	15 6
Indian Specie Bank	23	18 9

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	75	2 0
117 Penny Ready	75	2 0
Local per tola	0	10 0

FUTURES.

First Settlement	75	5 0
Second do	75	5 0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Firm. London price was 6d. up. Demand being good prices advanced by two annas.

Rapeseed.—Dull. London price was 90 down Sellers being more prices declined by an anna.

Wheat.—Quiet but steady. London price was unchanged and local market remains standstill.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Gingellyseed and Groundnuts.—Quiet but steady. Prices unchanged.

Poppyseed and Mowraseed.—Steady. Enquiries were nominal ; prices remains the same.

Linseed, Bold	... Rs.	13 12 0
Linseed, Small	... ,,	13 7 0
Linseed, Brown	... ,,	13 14 0
RAPESEED—		
Brown Delhi	... ,,	6 7 0
Brown Cawnpore	... ,,	6 5 0
Yellow do.	... ,,	7 4 0
Do. Gujarat	... ,,	7 12 0
Brown Katni	... ,,	7 to 7 1-4
Poppyseed	... ,,	10 8 0
Castorseed	... ,,	39 to 43
WHEAT—		
Pissi	... ,,	31 to 33
Hard Red	... ,,	30 to 31
GINGELLYSEED—		
Yellow Hinganghat	... ,,	54 to 55
Rai Khandesh—	... ,,	70 to 90
Mowraseed	... ,,	7 10 0
Groundnuts	... ,,	48 to 50
Cottonseed	... ,,	25 to 26
Maize	... ,,	17 to 18
Wheat Yellow	... ,,	38 to 40
Khandwa	... ,,	40 to 45
Bajaro	... ,,	27 to 30
Joowar	... ,,	16 to 18
Gram	... ,,	21 to 27
Minbara	... ,,	55 to 58
Brown Jubbulpore	... ,,	50 to 51
Brown Meggi	... ,,	49 to 50
Kabra	... ,,	55 to 57
Black Kutni	... ,,	47 to 48
Myrabollams	... ,,	19 to 20

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Wednesday, 26th October, 1910 :—

Wheat	11,421	cwts
Linseed	1,767	,,
Rapeseed	3,898	,,
Gingellyseed	11,701	,,
Poppyseed	449	,,
Groundnuts...	598	,,
Castorseed	4,967	,,
Rice	1,027	,,
Myrabollams	...	,,
Cottonseed	2,857	,,
Mowraseed	10	,,
Gram	5,021	,,
Joowar	1,139	,,
Maize	111	,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bombay	1,580
India...	63 1-2
Indian Specie..	56 1-2

MILLS.

David	381 1-4
Manockji Petit	2,792 1-2

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	151 1-4
New Berar	575

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17

RAILWAYS.

Tapti Valley	487 1-2

COTTON.

Liverpool was 5 to 7 points up, New York 15 down and futures 26 and 34 down. The tone of the local market for ready lots was steady and demand for ready and forwards being moderate prices declined by Re. 1 to Rs. 2. Opener advises 14 down. The market for new crop remained quiet but steady and demand being little prices fluctuated by Re. 1 to Rs. 2. Business in New Broach was done in the morning at Rs. 313, but demand being poor prices remained unchanged.

We learn of the following purchases :—

300	Tata and Co	Broach	332unchgd
200	Do	Lahore	285
100	Do	Hardoie	288
200	Japan T Co	Bengal	210
500	Gaddum and Co	Broach F.	332unchgd
300	Do	Broach	314unchgd
100	A Blaschek	Bengal	275
50	Indo-China Mills	Lahore	297
100	Do	Beawar	295
200	Sorabji and Co	Broach F	332unchgd
100	Jamsed Mills	Bengal old	183
300	Kalli Bros	Akola	295
200	Do	Bengal	275

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	253
,, F Good	...	2.2
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	269
,, F Good	...	255
Sind Punjab Fine	...	268
,, F Good	...	257
Khandesh Fine	...	272
,, F Good	...	273
Dharwargaon Poolgaon Fine	...	288
,, F Good	...	288
Akola Khangaum Fine	...	283
,, F Good	...	284
Amraoti Fine	...	293
,, F Good	...	283
Yeotmal Fine	...	308
,, F Good	...	305
Nagpore	...	307
,, F Good	...	197
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	310
,, F Good	...	309
Methia Fine	...	283
,, F Good	...	273
Broach Gin Fine	...	333
,, F Good	...	325
Broach Gin Good	...	313
Comptah Gin	...	324
Re-ginned Good,	...	322
Westerns H. G.	...	306
Do M G	...	312

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 26th October, 1910 :—

	Bales.	
Khandeish	106	,,
Central India...	.....	,,
Barsi and Nagur	.....	,,
Berar	167	,,
Central Provinces	26	,,
Oomras...	299	,,
Dholera	.....	,,
Broach...	.....	,,
Coompta and Dharwar ...	224	,,
Westerns	3	,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)... ...	3,215	,,
Bengal Rajputana	.....	,,
Sind	.....	,,
Persian	.....	,,
American	.....	,,
Other Sorts	.....	,,
Egyptian	.....	,,
Total ...	3,743	,,

LIVERPOOL, October 27.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Easier.	
Estimated Sales	8,000	
Total Imports	31,000	
Future Delivery Prices :—		
Oct.—Nov.	7'48—14	
Nov.—Dec.	7'41—14	
Dec.—Jan.	7'41—14	
Jan.—Feb.	7'41—14	
Feb.—Mar.	7'41—14	
Mar.—Apl.	7'42—14	
Apl.—May	7'42—14	
May —June	7'42—14	
June—July	7'41—14	

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	This Month Seed.	Cotton.	Next Month Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp	.....	.....	15 0	15 6
Dunkirk ...	16 0	16 6	15 6	16 0
Havre	.....	.....	15 6	16 0
Hull	.....	.....	14 6	15 6
Liverpool	.....	.....	15 6	16 0
Marseilles	.....	.....	15 6	16 0
Genoa	15 6	19 0	15 6	16 0
London... ...	.....	.....	15 0	15 0
Hamburg ...	18 6	19 6	15 6	16 0
Trieste	.....	.....	17 0	18 0
Venice	.....	.....	17 0	18 0

Open Ports,

December ...	15 6	
Jan-May ...	15 3	

COAL.

	Ready. Rs.	Forwards Rs.
Heilger's Anthracite Coal ...	13-0	13-0
Do. Standard ,, ...	12-0	12-8

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Braziers 4 4 4	lbs. 21	
	28	
	35	
	42	
	56	Rs. 54 6
	63	
	70	
	77	
	84	
Yellow Metal Sheets	21	
	28	
	35	,, 45 8
	42	
	49	
	56	
Tin Ingots	...	,, 43 12
Spelter S M ...	...	to 42 14
M M ...	...	
J ...	...	,, 20 8
G ...	...	
Georgshutte ...	...	,, 22 6
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	,, 48 4
Copper Sheetings...	lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	57 0
Yellow Metals Sheeting".	ins. 14, 16, 10, 12	46 1-2 to 49 1-2

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, October 26.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullion Rs.	COIN, Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Other Coin. Rs.
7 Packages	58,680		10,472
2 Cases	55,500		.....
1 Bundle	75		.....
1 Do.	315		.....

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin, Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
7 Packages	780		.....
2 Bundles	4,000		.....
1 Bundle	1,800		.....
1 Do.	1,625		.....
1 Do.	1,000		.....

Importers.	Vessel.	From
Sundry Importers ...	Naderi	Jeddah
The B & P S N Co ...	do	do
M Mackenzie & Co ...	Dwarka	Busreh
Do ...	Waroonga	Debai
Do ...	do	Veraval
P Valabhdas ...	do	Muscat
M Mackenzie & Co ...	do	Abass

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 25th October 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	16	19.224
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	25	30.036

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas-Jhudo Feeder Railway for the week ending 8th October 1910 were Rs. 1,530, making the total earnings for the period 1st January 1910 to 8th October 1910—Rs. 63,400.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

The freight market is stagnant and there is no indication of early improvement. Freights are generally quieter but will have to drop another 9 pence or one shilling before business results. For seeds or cotton a small business has been done this week.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The Directors of the Bank of Bengal at their weekly meeting this morning made no alterations in the Bank's rate which remains at 5 per cent. to which it was put up on the 6th of October.

The market opened with a strong demand for Tea Shares. Coal Shares and Jute Shares were quite neglected. The following transactions were reported :—

Coal Shares—Bansra Rs. 3-12, and Rs. 4; Reliance Rs. 16-4; Saltore Rs. 10-14.

3 1-2 per cent. Government paper is quoted at Rs. 93-15 for cash and at Rs. 93-14-6 for delivery in one month.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT. COLONEL A K. LESLIE V. D. COMMANDING R. V. A.

Bombay, 28th October.

179. Parades.—Nos. 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Apollo Bunder at 4-30 p.m. on Saturday, 29th October and proceed to Middle Ground, Fort, for 1 inch aiming rifle practice.

Dress.—Khaki and Helmets.

182. Musketry.—The Rifle Range of the 104th Rifles at Santa Cruz will be available for Spoon Competitions and practice on Sunday 30th instant.

Ranges 300 and 600 yards.

Train leaves Colaba at 7 a.m., Church Gate 7-5 a.m., and Grant Road 7-16 a.m.

189. Poona Rifle Meeting.—The Rules and Regulations of the Local and Central Meetings of the Poona Divisional Rifle Association have been received and can be seen at Head Quarters.

190. Arms—All members who have not yet drawn their arms are requested to do so as soon as possible.

193 Holiday.—The Head Quarters Office will be closed on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next on account of Hindu Holiday "Divali,"

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 28th October.

947. To-day Friday the 28th instant—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

II. 'E" Coy Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order Mufti.

948.—Detail for the week ending 5th proximo.

Tuesday the 1st Proximo—Bugle Practice on the Maidan at 8-30 p.m.

Wednesday the 2nd Proximo—Owing to a public Holiday there will be no Battalion parade.

Thursday the 3rd Proximo.—The Signalling class will parade at 7 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

Friday the 4th Proximo—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

949.—Issue of Arms—Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to members of the Corps at Head Quarters between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

Members are requested to draw their arms and accoutrements at once.

950. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar are allotted as under.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Sunday 30th instant—For Viceroy's Competition.

Monday 31st instant—For Viceroy's Competition.

Tuesday 1st proximo—" F " Coy Class Firing.

Wednesday 2nd proximo—" E " Coy Class Firing.

951. Inspection —It is notified for information that the Inspector-General of Volunteers in India will inspect the Battalion on the morning of the 6th January 1911.

952. Leave—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No 6596 Vol W Trousdell, " C " Coy from the 25th October to 24th November 1910.

953. Enrolment's.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to " D " Coy.

No 6997 Vol R Mathias, No 6998 Vol F G Pereira, No 6999 Vol C W Gonsalves, No 7000 Vol J Peters, No 7001 Vol R Brookes, No 7002 Vol J Pinto, No 7003 Vol G D'Silva, No 7004 Vol J Burke, No 7005 Vol J A Donohoe, No 7006 Vol C P Mcarthy, No 7007 Vol J Gomes and No 7008 Vol V Harris.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LD.

The Directors' report for 1909-10 reads as follows :—

The Directors beg to lay before you their fourth report together with the audited statement of accounts from the date of the formation of the Company up to 30th June 1910.

REVENUE.

The Company's Revenue from interest and transfer fees, etc., during the year 1st July 1909 to 30th June 1910 amounted to Rs. 1,01,064-10-10 against which a portion of the office and other expenses have been charged, leaving a balance of Rs. 73,889-1-3 as net revenue. This together with the balance of Rs. 1,47,242-10-10 brought forward from the last year's account makes up a total of Rs. 2,21,131-12-1. Out of this the sum of Rs. 90,718-5-0 was paid on account of dividend on preference shares for the year 1st January to 31st December 1909, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,30,413-7-1 under Revenue account. It is intended to pay out of this amount a dividend at 6 per cent. per annum on the perference shares from 1st January 1910 to 31st December 1910.

KALIMATI LAND ACQUISITION.

The survey of the land acquired by the Company for the Iron and Steel Works and Town, through the good offices of the Government of Bengal, was completed in February, 1910.

MOURBHANJ MINING LEASE.

The draft mining lease has been approved by the Maharajah of Mourbhanj and is now with the Government of India for their sanction.

MANGANESE.

About 6,500 tons of manganese ore was sold and shipped to Europe during the year. It was mentioned in the last report that a proposal to construct a branch railway line from Balaghat to Katangi connecting it with the Company's Ramrama manganese properties by a siding on the assisted siding terms was under consideration by the Government of India Railway Board. The proposal has since been sanctioned and the new alignment has been surveyed,

COAL.

The development of your Bhelatand coal property in the Jharria field has been undertaken and pushed on energetically. The railway siding is practically completed ; the main shaft will have been sunk to coal in December, 1910 ; the permanent headframe, winding engine and boilers are installed ; the Colliery Manager's Bungalow and a number of coolie lines are completed ; and the construction of godown, repair shop and office is well advanced. Coal from the development of the incline is already being shipped to the Iron and Steel Works for construction purposes.

COAL CONTRACTS.

Further contracts for the purchase of coal dust for the furnaces were made this year, and the Board do not propose to buy any more dust or slack for the present.

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.—GENERAL.

The progress of construction work since the third annual report has been up to the expectations of the management. Approximately 7,500 tons of iron and steel work has been erected, exclusive of boilers and machinery. As previously stated and as will be seen from the photographs accompanying this report, the iron and steel work for the blast furnaces and the steel buildings is well advanced ; the shipments of refractory materials from Europe and India have been satisfactory, and excellent progress has been made in laying the same ; ten of the nineteen electric travelling cranes and a large quantity of machinery have been received and are being erected. The progress has been such as to permit the management to re-iterate the statement set forth in the last annual report that the works will begin producing pig iron in the second half of 1911, and steel and rolled material shortly thereafter.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE.

The known cost of materials and machinery purchased and the progress of construction work to date fully warrant the assertion that the total cost of the Iron and Steel Works including coal miners, ore mines, quarries, etc., will come well within the estimate of capital expenditure set forth in the Company's prospectus.

COKE OVEN DEPARTMENT.

The foundations for 180 coppee non-by-product coke ovens including coke wharves and pusher tracks are completed. The foundations for the coal-handling plant consisting of unloading hopper crushers, disintegrators, screens, elevator and coal bin are also completed.

The construction of the coke ovens proper will be commenced in October 1910.

BLAST FURNACE DEPARTMENT.

The construction of two blast furnaces each of 200 tons capacity per 24 hours is well advanced 90 per cent. of the iron and steel work for the furnaces, hot blast stoves, chimneys, dust catchers, and gas and air-piping has been received at the site and 65 per cent. is erected. The cast house common to both furnaces is 80 per cent. erected. The steel trestle and stock bins for ore, flux and coke are 75 per cent erected. The fire-brick lining of the hot blast stoves for No. 1 furnace is nearly completed and the lining of the stoves for No. 2 furnace is in progress.

BOILERS.

The boiler plant for the entire works consists of sixteen Babcock and Wilcox water-tube boilers of 530 b.p. each, ten of which are fired with blast furnace gas and six are coal-fired. All boilers are erected complete with settings and chimneys, and are ready for steam piping. The building (432'-0" by 48'-0') is erected.

POWER STATION.

The Power Station consists of—(a) three 1000-K W. Turbo-Generator sets with auxiliary equipment of Static Transformers, Motor-Generators and Switch Board ; (b) three Turbo-blowers for blowing the blast furnaces; (c) electrically-driven rotary pumps for boiler feed, general service, high pressure hydraulic and town service ; (d) air compressor. The steel work for the building (192'-0") by 72'-0") is erected. A large quantity of machinery has been received and erection of same will commence in November 1910. The electric travelling crane (15 tons capacity) is erected.

STEEL WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The Steel Works consists of—one 300-ton capacity hot metal mixer. Four 40-ton capacity basic open hearth steel furnaces with auxiliary equipment of gas producers, ladle repair shop, stockyard, and cranes for charging the furnaces, casting steel and stripping ingots. The building (648'-0" by 135'-0") is 90 per cent. erected. The iron and steel work of the mixer is being erected and excavation for the steel furnaces is under way.

ROLLING MILL DEPARTMENT.

This department consists of a 33-inch Reversing Blooming Mill ; a 28-inch reversing combination rail and structural mill, both driven by a 3-cylinder engine. The rolling mills have the necessary accessory equipment of soaking pits, re-heating furnace, roller tables, hot saw, cooling beds, cranes and ample machinery for finishing the rolled product. Rails up to 100 lbs. per yard and H joists, channels and other structural shapes up to 12 inches will be produced. The building (216'-0" by 150'-0") is 50 per cent. erected.

The engine and electric travelling cranes have been received and a large tonnage of machinery is en route.

BAR MILLS.

In addition to the above rolling equipment, there will be installed in a separate building (312'-0" by 88'-4") three merchant mills; one 16" and two 10", driven by a tandem compound engine. The bar mills will produce small structural shapes and commercial sizes of round, square and flat mild steel bars and hoops.

SHOPS.

This department provides adequate equipment for making quickly all repairs to machinery for the blast furnaces, Steel Works and Mills. It consists of four buildings: iron foundry (168'-0' by 72'-0'), machine shop (216'-0" by 72'0"). Blacksmith Shop and Locomotive Shed (192'-0' by 55'-0'), and Storehouse and Pattern Shop (100'-0' by 50.-0', three storeys) machine tools and other equipment have been received and a portion are in service.

STORAGE YARD.

The Storage yard (1,079'-0 by 85'-0' span) serving the foundry and machine shop and for storage semi-finished steel from the blooming mill is completed. The yard is commanded by a 10-ton electric travelling crane.

RAIL ROAD.

The branch rail road from Kalimati Station on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway to the Works site and all principal sidings throughout the works are completed. The rail road has been in service since August 1909. Locomotives, Railway wagons and special rolling stock such as hot metal cars, slag cars, ingot fears and coke wagons have all been received or ordered.

KALIMATI STATION.

The Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company have made excellent progress on the construction of the broad gauge Railway from Kalimati to the Ore Mines at Gurumaishini, and the rails have been laid for about 30 miles from the Kalimati terminu. The shunting yard, new Kalimati Station, engine shed and Loco, and Traffic quarters are completed and in service.

IRON ORE MINES.

All plans have been completed and considerable work has been done towards the development of the mines, and about 15,000 tons of ore is stocked ready for shipment.

The construction of foundations for ore-crushing plant boilers, etc. will be taken in hand in October 1910.

FLUX : (A) DOLOMITE.

The survey for a broad gauge siding from the Bengal-Nagpur Railway to the Dolomite quarry has been made, and preliminary work for the development of the quarry will be undertaken in October 1910.

(B) LIMESTONE.

The development of the Limestone quarry and construction of a narrow gauge tram line to Jukehi, East Indian Railway, will be undertaken in November, and the survey for a broad gauge siding at Jukehi Station has been made.

TOWN OF SAKCHI.

The construction of bungalows, coolie lines, &c., in the town of Sakchi has proceeded and there are now completed 96 buildings of which 83 are occupied.

The construction of additional bungalows will be commenced in October.

PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY.

The pick-up weir across the bed of the Subarnarekha River was completed before the monsoon of 1910 and the foundations of the main pumping station at the river are well advanced. The pumps and motors for the same are ready to be installed. The 28-inch pipe line from the pumping station to and across the Works site has been laid. The earthen bund which forms a tank of three hundred million gallons capacity is completed, and a considerable quantity of water has been impounded from the monsoon of this year. The elevated steel Water Tanks for general and locomotive service has been completed.

LABOUR.

No difficulty has been encountered during the year under report in securing sufficient labour for energetically prosecuting construction work. A large number of Bombay "Khalassies" have been engaged in the erection of the iron and steel work for Buildings and the Blast Furnaces. There are at present employed by the Company a total of twenty Europeans and Americans and by European Contractors eleven Europeans making a total of thirty-one. This total will be increased to about 60 during the coming winter.

The total average daily number of people employed by the Company and the Contractors during the period of twelve months ending September 30, 1910, was 4,235.

HEALTH.

The health of the staff and work-people continued excellent throughout the year.

GENERAL.

In accordance with Article 106 of the Company's Articles of Association, two of your Directors, viz., Sir Sassoon David, Kt., and Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart., retire. They are, however, eligible for re-election. The Shareholders will be requested to elect Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 15th Oct. on 504·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 1,55,000	Rs. 2,20,000	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 3,79,000
Or per mile of Railway.....	307	436	8	751
For previous 14 weeks of half year	20,78,679	27,64,638	60,298	49,03,615
Total for 15 weeks	22,33,679	29,84,628	64,298	52,82,615
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,17,096	2,19,678	5,869	3,42,643
Per mile of Ry...	232	435	12	679
Total to corresponding date...	23,88,839	24,98,725	82,282	49,69,846
Increase for the week			Rs.	36,357
Do. to date			Rs.	3,12,769

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 15th Oct. on 1,773·33 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 1,85,000	Rs

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Dalhousie ...1573 Comdr W Mitchel...R I M
R I M S Investigator...Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Palinarus.....Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr Mill .....R I M
R I M S Minto..... Lt Comdr G H S Lumsden...R I M
H M S Hyacinth .....Capt J D Dick .....R N Flagship
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Maysack.....R I M S
H T Pinasy.....4615 Comdr.....Not lay

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 27.

Banca .....3794 Collyer .....P & O S N & Co
Barque Brilliant ...3609 Morrison ...Standard Oil & Co
Brazilliana.....2438 Snowdon ....
Caithness ..... 2222 Proctor ..W & A Graham & Co
Clan Mackay .....1653 Leslie...James .....Fisby & Co.
Clan Lindsay.....2469 Haires ...James Finlay & Co
Delhi...4784 Gordon ...Shanghai ...9-11 .....P & O Co
Feliciana.....2785 Falck.....T Morrison & Co
Himalaya.....3700 Spicer .....P & O S N & Co
Islanda.....3361 McClelland .....M M & Co
Mantua.....5905 Vibert .....P & O S N & Co
Nerbudda .....1961 Maude .....M M & Co
Nawab .....5911 Elliot .....T Morrison & Co
Saifi .....502 Willoughbey .....B & H S N & Co
Unkuni .....1297 Clarke ....
Waroonga.....1609 Chappell .....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 27.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
C & R Fakhri...	2555	Revill	Jeddah	29-10	B & H S N Co
K Cape Breton...	2561	Warden	Dunkirk	7-11	K N & Co
L Najmi.....	2522	Hallet	Jeddah...	6-11...	B & A M Jeewanji
M Alavi	2324	Gray	Jeddah.....	4 11 ..	B & P S N Co
N Folmina.....	2546	Eyken	Hull ..	3 11...	W & A Graham & Co
O Traveller.....	1930...	Pug ...	Dunkirk	5-11...	Killick Nixon & Co
P Hohenfels	3407	Muller.....	Hamburg.....	2 11...	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Hakata Maru...	3819	Mocker.....	Kobe.....	4-11... N Y Kaisha
2	Orsolo...2349	Thiesty.....	Calcutta.....	28-10...	Venice S N Co
3	Hillfern ...2776	Williams.....	Barrow-in-Furness...	1-11...	W & A Graham & Co
5	Mimosa ...2197	Bone...	Liverpool...	28-10	Ralli Bros
6	Buffalo.....	2583	Clark...	Hull via Karachi ...	27-10 J Finlay & Co
7	Koerber.. 3157	Foresti...	Trieste...	1-11	A L S N Co
22	13 Vindobona ...2534	Rawanod...	Trieste ...	31 10	A L S N & Co
15	Nasseri...911	Micro...	Jeddah...	30-10	B P S N & Co
16	Naderi...1163	Gora...	Jeddah...	31-10...	B & P S N Co

H W P D

Courland ..760 Ebrahim...G Port...27-10 Bo S N Co Ld
Bahaduri ... ..829 Ahmed...Repairing ...Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati.....693 Fakeera.....Mangalore ...28 10... Bo S N & Co
Indravati.....513 Fakeera.....Karachi ...29 10... Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani.....552 Hossein.....B'nager.....29 10... Bo S N Co Ld

H W V D

Lhara .....659 Mc Diarmid...K'chi...28 10...M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Vessels.	Commanders.	From
Himalaya	Spicer	London, Oct 5
Alavi	Gray	Suez, Oct 7
Clan Lindsay	Haires	Liverpool, Sept 30

DEPARTURE.

Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
Dwarka	Moxon.....	Persian Gulf

The following vessel obtain his pos tclearance on Thursday :—

Steamer Orscolo, Chussa Calcutta.

The following vessel began to load on Thursday :—

Steamer Alavi, for Jeddah.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line Steamer Circassia, Homeward bound passed Suez on the morning of the 26th inst.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Capri, from Bombay left Penang on the 26th instant for Singapore and Hongkong.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels	From
20	Belle of England	Calcutta
21	Clan Lamont	Liverpool
22	Holywell	London
23	Glenelg	Australia
24	Twingone	Rangoon
	Palamcotta	Negamtam
25	Dilwara	Rangoon
	Itola	Calcutta

DAILY EXPORTS —OCT. 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Folmina s—10,250 cwts cottonseed, T Memraz.
Traveller s—40 bales wool, C Nanji.

FOR LONDON.

Delhi s—150 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co ; 201 cwts cashewnuts, J Fachiri ; 200 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 400 cwts sandalwood, Volkart Bros ; 1,400 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 100 cwts fishmaws, E Mahomed.
Mantua s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Traveller s—1,000 cwts poppyseed, A Blascheck and Co ; 25,007 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hohenfel s—55 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 550 bales cotton, J. R. Begbie and Co; 523 bales cotton fly, W Wolf and Sons ; 6,003 cwts rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 200 cwts red ochre, Shaw Wallace and Co ; 100 cwts cashewnuts, R Jeewandas and Co.
Hillfern s—400 cwts poppyseed Volkart Bros ; 5,640 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Hillfern s—211 cwts rapeseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Cape Breton s—164 bales cotton fly, H. E. Bode and Sons; 100 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 1,000 castorseed, A Blaschcek and Co ; 200 cwts fennelseed and 1,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton, M. Jaithabhoy and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—110 bales cotton, the Bombay and Co; 220 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 170 bales cottop, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, Volkarts Bros; 11 cwts animal guts, Ad Meyers.

FOR VENICE.

Vindobona s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR FIUME.

Vindobona s—3,500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANCONA.

Koerber s—100 bales cotton, Volkert Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Hakata Maru s—175 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist, S J David and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Hakata Maru s—200 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist, S J David and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Hakata Maru s—474 bales cotton, Ralli Bros : 2,000 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Hakata Maru s—300 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Hakata Maru s—390 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use. "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most. "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

BUNGALOWS,
From Rs. 150.

FLATS,
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OFFICES,
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From Rs. 30.

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Snowflake, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.....	4 8 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil in Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert
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Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.
Friday, 28th October, 1910.

THE OUTLOOK IN PERSIA.

PERSIA'S protest against partition was quite unnecessary; for Britain, at all events, has no desire to acquire a single inch of their territory. They may believe this, though they will hesitate to accept any similar assurance from Russia. They may object to British officers entering their country, but that will perhaps prove unavoidable ; and if so, we imagine they will quickly become accustomed to their presence. Our methods and Russian are so strongly different that though Persians may tolerate us, they never will Russians. They have had the teaching of experience, for Russia, in northern Persia, has never hesitated to support her interests by arms in any case where she has considered such a course necessary. Detachments of Russian troops in Julfa, Tabriz, Ardebil, Resht, Kazvin, Mashad and on the Russo-Turkoman frontier have, at different times, intervened to maintain order or disorder and considerable bodies of armed men remain in the country. On the other hand in the south, as "Zawwar," an anonymous writer in the *National Review* points out, though British interests are paramount, open brigandage accompanied often by murder and other outrage has been allowed to flourish unchecked with the result that the trade-routes leading from the coast to the interior have been rendered practically impassable, and British trade has been reduced to one-half its normal total. Russian merchants receive adequate protection and assistance and Russian trade is flourishing. As we are aware, the only attempt hitherto made by the British Government to prevent wholesale spoliation of British traders was the despatch of fifty men from Bushire to Shiraz in July of last year and "this was due to the dangerous situation prevailing in that city rather than to any concern for British commercial interests." Still the general condition of the country could not be worse and even the striotest critic of international morals could not accuse us of unnecessary action or interference with the internal affairs of a neighbouring country.

Persia, in reply to our threat, has promised reforms, but it is considered doubtful if she has the means of carrying them out. As to the actual Government in power in Teheran "Zawwar" tells us it is a queer jumble of discordant elements. Sipahdar and Sardar Assad were included in the first Cabinet constituted after the crisis of last year, but it was openly stated at the time, and subsequently proved to be the case, that these gentlemen were by no means the stamp of person wanted by the more advanced Constitutionalists and that they were intended merely to serve as influential figure-heads until such time as the more liberal and better educated young Persians should find it advisable themselves to take up the reins of Government. That Cabinet failed and the condition of affairs is even more unsatisfactory today, then it ever was before. Many of the new members of the National Assembly are violent and unreasonable Extremists, devoid of all practical governing experience or of the most meagre educational acquirements. Their one idea of maintaining the national honour is to declaim with virulence against the two Powers who "have alone rendered the continuation of Persia as a nation a possibility and to fling bitter accusations at the heads of the responsible Ministers." They have appealed to the Kaiser to prevent partition. If it were worth his while the Kaiser might intervene, for nothing would better please the German Emperor than to extend his Empire. But the finances of the country are described as being in a shocking state of disorganisation and no coherent effort has been made to adjust them. A proposal for a loan by the two Powers "on certain perhaps, rather stringent, conditions has been refused and the Government of this huge country is conducted from hand to mouth from day to day, upon such pickings as can be acquired from the bleeding of political opponents and the scraps which can be spared from the Customs and by the provincial Governors from their own pressing needs." Further we are told that the Governor finds himself checked and thwarted at every turn by youths who, a couple of years ago, would not have dared to speak to him, whilst owing to his own ignorance of modern administrative methods and ideas he is unable to exercise the smallest influence or control over the various minor offices by which he finds himself encumbered.

What then is to become of the country? Two alternatives seem to offer themselves; first, a united constitutional Persia, which, having accepted European guidance and tuition for a few years, will, eventually, after a more or less prolonged apprenticeship, find herself able to shake off foreign leading strings and to emerge strong and really independent, conducting her own administration with her own trained and proven leaders. The second alternative is Russian protection, if not annexation. The obstacles in the way of realisation of the former is "the lamentable variety which is so marked a feature in Persian character and which precludes so many persons from either seeking or eneuring a good example" and then the influence of the Shiah Church, which in Persia has not done anything in keeping with progress and modern enlightenment. Even the fear of further Russian aggression will not alter them. Yet young Constitutionalists are reported to writhe under the menace like schoolboy under the threat of the lash. "They dread the thought of this grim Northern invader with his millions of armed men and vast military organisations. They know that Russia has already in the past swallowed some of Persia's fairest provinces in the North-West and that she is well able to swallow even a greater slice should her opportunity come. In the past it may be that Persia looked to England to save her in her last extremity, but disillusionment has now come." She may now look to Germany ; but disillusionment may come thence also. It is useless, we fear, to imagine that the reforms which have been promised will be effected. Persia has neither the money nor the men. She may gain a little time after the expiry of the period notified by Russia and England, but not much beyond that will be tolerated by either Power. In Persia's own interests and those of her creditors it would be well if the terms of the Note were strictly adhered to and the Powers acted with promptitude and prepared their men for the tasks they seem called upon to undertake. As the inspired Berlin telegram, mentioned by Reuter this morning, says "There is no question of German intervention in Persia."

VACCINATION IN BOMBAY. THE Sanitary Commissioner for the Bombay Presidency in his annual report on vaccination shows that during 1909-10, 665,602 persons were primarily vaccinated and 48,885 were re-vaccinated. This means a falling off in the number of vaccinations, there being 6,650 less primary operations and 3,477 less revaccinations. The decrease, however, was far from being general and does not indicate any increased reluctance on the part of the people to submit to the operation. In fact there was an increase in primary vaccination in all districts except Sind and Aden. In Sind there has been a difficulty about obtaining a suitable lymph, and consequently in this part of the Presidency the objection to vaccination has been growing. It is hoped, however, that when shortly preserved lymph is introduced most of the difficulties experienced by vaccinators will disappear. At Aden the decrease of 19,574 primary vaccinations is accounted for by the unusually large number, which occurred in the previous year during an epidemic of small-pox. Under re-vaccination there was an increase in all the districts except the Central and Southern Registration Districts and Aden which return a decrease of 2,722, 1,227 and 1,809, respectively. Out of 665,602 persons primarily vaccinated, 609,827 or 91·62 per cent. were successful, 6,429 or ·97 unsuccessful, while in 49,661 cases the results could not be ascertained. In the case of 315 persons a second operation was done on account of failure on the first occasion. The percentage of success excluding "unknown" was 98·96. During the year 48,885 persons were re-vaccinated, the percentage of success being 42·91. In 19,354 instances the result could not be ascertained, and in 8,628 the operation failed. In 76 cases the operation was repeated on account of failure of the first operation. The total expenditure on the year was Rs. 3,47,974 or an increase of Rs. 20,604. This was due to increased pay drawn by Deputy Sanitary Commissioners, also the employment of additional staff, the grant of pony allowance to vaccinators and to grain compensation. The average cost of each successful vaccination was eight annas ten pies compared with eight annas five pies in the previous year. During the year, 979 cow calves were received into the Depot, of which 868 were vaccinated and the lymph of 666 or 76·7 per cent. was judged suitable for use. A trial was made of buffalo calves, the yield of pulp from which is greater than in the case of cow calves ; but there are circumstances connected with the use of buffalo calves for the production of vaccine which require further investigation before these animals can be brought into general use. The Commissioner mentions that according to the Government of India's decision six collectorates have been selected in which the experiment of putting the vaccination establishment under local control is being tried. These are West Khandesh, Sholapur, Bijapur and Sukkur, but nothing is said at present about the success or non-success of the experiment.

LIBERTY FOR LABOUR MEMBERS. THE papers, which came by the last mail, contain a copy of the pledge, which hitherto the Labour party has extracted from every one of its members, who has been elected to the House of Commons and which has always been regarded with angry disfavour by the other parties as destroying that breadth of discretion and liberty of action which are essential to the genuine representation of a mixed community. This document is of peculiar interest at this moment in view of the recent decision of the executive that the Labour party having established a policy and having defined its position in the country, such pledge is no longer necessary and its abolition will be recommended at the next annual conference in Leicester. As will be seen from reading the clauses which we reproduce below, the members bound themselves in their political life to do exactly as they were told by the Labour party and nothing further. The clauses say : 1. Candidates or members must accept this constitution ; agree to abide by the decisions of the Parliamentary party in carrying out the aims of this constitution ; appear before their constituencies under the title of Labour candidates only ; abstain strictly from identifying themselves with, or promoting the interests of, any parliamentary party not affiliated, or its candidates ; and they must not oppose any candidate recognised by the national executive of the party. 2. Candidates must undertake to join the Parliamentary Labour party if elected. Under this pledge, a Labour member was bound to vote to order. He was not the member of any particular constituency, but the nominee and paid servant of a body which might or might not represent the views of his constituents. This pledge was referred to by the judges in the Osborne judgment, which decided that compulsory levies on members of trade unions for the support of members of the Labour party were illegal ; and it is hardly an exaggeration to say that the majority of the judges based their judgment upon its existence, which they declared to be contrary to the whole spirit of the British Constitution. There can be no question that its principle was opposed to public policy, and we congratulate the Labour party on the decision to get rid of one of its most objectionable features. There can be no doubt that it was a very discreet step at a time, when the Government are considering what shall be done to rectify the position created by the Osborne judgment. There is not much doubt that in consequence they will receive more generous treatment for the existence of this pledge in most quarters, not only on the Bench, but off as the principal objection to the compulsory levy. Even some Conservative members will probably now be reconciled to the larger portion of the old powers of the Labour party in such matters being returned to them.

Sir G. F. Wilson, Member of Viceroy's Council, arrived at Travancore Hills on 1st November spending ten days in shooting in the Travancore Hills. Mr. Vernede, Superintendent and District Magistrate, Cardamom Hills, was in charge of the shooting arrangements. Sir G. Wilson leaves Travancore territory on 12th November.

The Government of India has placed the Indian branch of St. John Ambulance Association on the list of Institutions in India receiving an annual Government subsidy.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Egypt," with the homeward mails of the 22nd instant, arrived at Aden at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Marmora," with the outward mails of the 21st instant passed Suez at 1 a.m. on Thursday.

DURING the week ended October 22 seventeen and a half chests of opium were removed from the warehouse at Bombay, two and a half were for shipment to China, while the remainder were sent, seven to Poona, three to Nasik and five to Ahmednagar. Thirteen chests were imported from Indore.

THE services of Mr. Woodman, I.C.S., Additional Deputy Secretary, Home Department, are about to be replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, as the term for which the appointment was sanctioned will shortly expire. Mr. Woodman, however, is proceeding on leave before returning to his presidency.

Hon. Mr. Fenton returned to Lahore on Wednesday and took charge of the Civil Secretaryship to the Punjab Government from Hon. Mr. Tollington who remains attached to the Civil Secretariat on special duty for a few days before proceeding on three months' privilege leave. Mr. Fenton will proceed to Patiala on 1st proximo for the installation ceremony, joining His Honour the Lieut.-Governor on the Punjab there on tour.

THE pamphlet entitled "Aitihasik Purushanche Utsav Kan Karave" (i. e., Why festivals of historical persons should be celebrated") printed in Marathi at Bombay, has been proscribed, also the book entitled "Speeches of Sri Bepin Chandra Pal," printed in English at Madras as well as thirteen books, printed in Baroda, and two volumes, containing the speeches of Bepin Chandra Pal.

REUTER says that Mr. Thorburn, Lieutenant-Governor of Southern Nigeria, has been appointed Governor of the Gold Coast. Mr. James Jamieson Thorburn, son of the late Mr. Wm. Thorburn, of Edinburgh, was born in 1864. He entered the Ceylon Civil Service in 1886, and served in various capacities till he was transferred to Southern Nigeria five years ago. He was appointed Lieutenant Governor of Southern Nigeria, in 1906, on its amalgamation with Lagos.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending October 25 was 540, giving a death-rate of 28·71 per annum per thousand as against 26·80 the corresponding period of last year, and 32·72 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 69 died from fevers; 12, plague; 1, small-pox; 4, measles; 1, cholera; 2, leprosy; 41, phthisis; 34 diseases of the nervous system; 109, affections of the respiratory organs; 33, diarrhoea; 14, dysentery; 29, still-born; 83, old age and debility; 19, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 30, Brahmin, 13; Bhattia, 4; Hindu of other caste 235; Hindu low caste, 67; Musalman, 143; Parsee, 17; Jew, 4; Native Christian, 22; Eurasian, 1; European, 4; The total number of births was 424 as against 462 for the corresponding period of last year, and 419 the average over the past five years.

THE English criminal court practice has been taken as a model for the reform of American procedure by a commission of eminent lawyers who visited England in the summer and made a report at a session of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology. The commission will make a special report to President Taft later at his request. The abolition of all reversals for formal defects in indictments or trials, the limitation of the examination of prospective jurors, and the extension to judges of greater control of the proceedings in a trial are urged in the commission's report.

THE U. S. Cabinet, in conference with Mr. Taft at the White House, has approved the Army estimates, totalling 112,000,000. dols.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCT. 7.

CHILDREN AND CARS.

THE poor village women as I stated before, have appealed to the Queen, to see, if her influence can do anything for them, they live in daily dread of their children being killed by motor cars. Every one knows how children race out of school filling up the road, entirely regardless of danger. They want all motors to slacken speed when passing through villages.

A MOTORIST'S VIEW.

I see that a motorist has been severely reproved by a magistrate for remarking that children in the streets were a nuisance. Whether the censure was deserved or not I do not intend to discuss, but it seems timely to point out that we in this country can very well take a leaf out of Germany's book with regard to the training of children in the proper use of of the roads. In Berlin, the school curriculum now includes instruction as to behaviour in streets, with the view of minimising the danger of children being run over. Among other things the children are instructed never to play in roads where there are tramcars and other carriages frequently passing by ; always to look out for approaching vehicles in crossing roads ; never to go behind tramcars to cross the road upon alighting, and never to run after or hang on to any carriage or car. The giving of such instruction has frequently been urged in this country, but the authorities seem very difficult to move in the matter. Yet the number of accident which are continually occuring to children on the road, not necessarily only from motor-cars but also from other vehicles, emphasises the necessity of impressing upon children the dangers which exist. Children play in the road, run behind vehicles, dash from behind them and generally conduct themselves as if nothing more swiftly moving than a pedestrian ever used them. It is difficult even for the most careful driver to avoid running a considerable amount of risk of injuring children who behave so and the fact that there are not more accidents is very largely due to the extreme care and caution with which nine-tenths of motor-car users drive when there is a child in sight.

AN ENGAGEMENT.

The engagement of Mary Lady Inverclyde and General Sir Archioald Hunter is a highly popular one in society. Sir Archibald, a D. S. O, has a fine record behind him, and has commanded at Dongola, Omdurman, in India, and a Division in the field in South Africa. Now he holds the proud post of Governor and Commander-in-Chief at Gibraltar Lord Kitchener, is old chief, is to be best man. Mary Lady Inverclyde is the daughter of Mr. Hickson Fergusson, of the Knowe, and widow of the second Lord Inverclyde, and one of the greatest heiresses of the day. Besides her good works and queenly bearing, she boasts much taste in dress, and there is no woman whose clothes are more admired and more copied than hers. Very successfully she entertained during the season that is past for her two nieces, Miss Emily Burns and Miss Dorothy Bruce, although her dance in May was cancelled, unfortunately by the death of King Edward.

ON "VULGARITY."

It is fashionable to be vulgar nowadays. "Refined" is the last adjective that the "smart" woman wishes to hear applied to herself, and she will go to any lengths of fatuousness to avoid this label. It is women who give the tone to Society, and it is women therefore, who must be condemned for the vulgarity of our times. Their love of money their inordinate desire for dress, their consuming thirst for excitement, for dining-out, for display, are all vulgar characteristics. So also is the lack of repose and reticence. "Proper pride" is at a discount nowadays. People are proudest of the things of which they ought to be most ashamed.

FLODDEN'S FIRST MEMORIAL.

A Celtic cross, occupying a commanding site of Piper's Hill, Branxton, the centre area of the battle of Flodden, was last week unveiled by Sir George Douglas, Bart., the well-known Border historian and litterateur. The solemn and touching ceremony was witnessed by about 1,200 people. The inscription on the cross, which is of Aberdeen granite, is as follows : "Flodden, 1513. To the brave of both nations." Among those present were Lord and Lady Joicey and the Hon. Miss Joicey of Ford Castle ; Lord and Lady Dunglass of Springhill, Coldstream ; Lady Marjoribanks of The Lees, Coldstream ; Lady de Capell Brook of Great Oaldey ; Sir Francis Blake, Bart., and Lady Blake of Tilmouth Park ; Sir Archibald Buchan Hepburn, Bart., of Smeaton Heyburn ; Sir John Haggerstone of Eglinham ; Mr. Elliot and the Hon. Mrs. Elliot of Clifton Park, Kelso.

ORIENTAL TOILETTES.

Some of the great Parisian couturiers are making their new afternoon toilettes of Oriental splendour, and these are often supplemented with immensely deep hems of fur, which reach more than half-way up the skirt, while a fur coat of the same pelt is allied to the gown, and can be thrown aside on the wearer's arrival at her destination. These fur coats have beautiful *doublures* in the same colour as the gown, while the latter is enriched with a kind of turned-down collar of the fur sewn perfectly flat on the material, the high collar band being dispensed with altogether. They are, however, for those who are lucky enough to possess the purse of Fortunatus and a great many different toilettes on which to ring the changes. Moleskin is the most fashionable pelt this year in this connection, and next to moleskin, caracul or broadtail, the favourite skunk being of too heavy a quality to use in large quantities. For those less generously endowed with this world's goods a very little fur can be made to fulfil all requirements without straining the purse strings too severely. A heavy band of skunk applied to a useful walking dress would represent a very cumbersome expedient, which would only find favour with a few. Instead, a very narrow strip of the fur, passing twice round the skirt of a velvet gown, at a few inches apart, holds its own, and the most is thus made of a very small quantity.

DULL ROSE AND BLACK.

It is, of course, with velvet and satin—the two richest materials in the list of fashion—that fur is the best choice for trimming. The only trouble where the former is concerned is that the velveteen frock is growing too common. One is beginning to see it everywhere, and often the creased and trumbled appearance of an inferior make turns the scale for the woman who has just been deciding upon a similar purchase. But in spite of poor imitations the velvet and velveteen walking or in-door gowns are much too charming and too becoming to ignore. There are shot velvets too among the new fabrics for those who love these soft, changing tones, and some of these are real triumphs of the manufacturer's art.

CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

SIR CHARLES BRUCE, G.C.M.G., has, during the course of a distinguished official career, filled the posts of Lieutenant-Governor of British Guiana, and Governor of the Windward Isles, and of Mauritius. He has, therefore, enjoyed peculiar opportunities for studying the administration of our Crown Colonies, and of observing the virtues and shortcoming of existing methods. These facts lend importance to a book which he has just written for Messrs. Macmillan and Co., in which, under the title of "The Broad Stone of Empire," he will discuss the whole question of modern Colonial government. In arriving at his conclusions Sir Charles has had the assistance, by way of compilation and revision of his varied material, of leading experts in several departments, so that his book ought to be full of valuable information for all Englishmen who want to understand the working of what is certainly one of the most important aspects of Imperial administration.

THE same firm will shortly publish a book of obvious interest to all wayfarers, whether on foot, bicycle, or motor-car. "The Charm of the Road," which is the work of Mr. J. J. Hissy, gives a description of the author's travels over a wide range of country, and will go to prove that even the hurrying motorist may find time to observe the secret beauties of the sequestered hamlet or the woodland corner. Village and town life are also pictured, and a large number of illustrations, most of them from photographs by the author himself, will add to the attractions of what promises to be a thoroughly companionable volume.

AMONG Mr. Murray's autumn books mention should be made of Sir Henry Trueman Wood's elaborate study of industrial England in the middle of the eighteenth century which is to be expected in the course of the present month. The author, it will be remembered, is the Secretary of the Royal Society of Arts, and he has given special attention to the beginning of that great industrial evolution, out of which England emerged into the proud position of workshop of the world. The work has no little topical interest at a time when so much of our trade seems to be declining into other channels, and the author's literary style and persuasiveness will lend charm to an argument of pressing significance to our own generation.

"THE Sea Wolves of the Mediterranean" is the title of another of Mr. Murray's publications which will be ready during the present autumn. The author is Commander Hamilton Currey, R.N., and his story, which goes to prove the superiority of fact above fiction as a vehicle of romance, abounds in true anecdotes of pirates and corsairs as adventurous as any in a schoolboy's dream, and is packed with records of dangers overcome and seeming miracles achieved.

WITH the October number that excellent little "vade mecum" of the good bookman, "The Book Monthly," appears in an enlarged form, making a wider appeal to the general public. Henceforth it hopes to extend its claim to the suffrages of everyone who reads books and by way of beginning has replaced its catalogue of the month's publications by a selected annotated list of the chief new books and new editions, a sort of guide to the circulating library. The number of literary articles is increased, and there are some capital pictures, gathered from popular books of the day. Altogether, Mr. Milne, the editor, may well claim to have produced a magazine which is almost indispensable to the book lover, and one, moreover, in which the desire for up-to-date information is never allowed to override the dictates of judgment and good taste.

FROM the Cambridge University Press is issued "Initia Amharica : An Introduction to spoken Amharic." The author is Mr. C. H. Armbruster, who was Senior Grecian at Christ's Hospital, and a scholar of King's at Cambridge, where he graduated with classical honours. He has been for the last thirteen years in tropical Africa in the service of the the British and Soudan Governments. While engaged in administrative and political work in Nyassaland the Soudan, Abyssinia, and Somaliland, he has devoted much attention to the study of native languages. We do not govern any part of Abyssinia, but the Abyssinians are our neighbours in the Soudan, in East Africa, and in Somaliland, and our intercourse with them is continually increasing. Amharic is now one of the subjects taught at the Oriental schools of Paris, Naples, and Berlin, where Mr. Armbruster's work is in use, and it is time that it ceased to be an unknown language in this country.

WE are glad, therefore, to learn that Professor Lichtenberger's trenchant criticism of the German thinker's writings is about to appear in English with the title of "The Gospel of the Super-Man." The book has already gone through no fewer than fourteen editions in French and as it seeks to gauge Nietzsche's position in psychology and morals it ought to prove welcome to all whose thoughts turn constantly to the riddle of life. It is to be published immediately by Mr Foulis, of Edinburgh, who also promises "The Joyful Wisdom," which consists of nearly four hundred of Nietzsche's brilliant aphorisms.

WE are promised shortly a book of "Reminiscences of Rosa Bonheur," the distinguished painter who first won renown in 1835 by her great picture of "The House Fair." She was a women of great charm and individuality, and Mr. Theodore Stanton's monograph contains many intimate letters which throw an attractive light on her character and work. The book is to be fully illustrated, and Mr. Andrew Melrose is to publish it shortly.

WE understand that Mr. Herbert Paul has undertaken the task of editing a volume of "Famous Speeches"—typical political deliverances which cover the achievements in oratory from the days of Oliver Cromwell to those of Gladstone. He has written an estimate of each of the famous statesmen whom he cities, and as he is a good judge in such matters the book ought to prove attractive. It is to be published by Messrs Pitman, who by the way, have just brought out a cheap and dainty edition of Mr. Stopford Brooke's "Four Poets"—critical appreciations of Clough, Matthew Arnold, Rossetti, and William Morris.

MESSRS Methuen have just ready Mr. Haring's "Buccaneers of the West Indies in the Seventeenth Century." It is a book which breaks fresh ground, for the author has ransacked manuscript materials at the Record Office and also in Paris. Another book from the same quarter is M. Maeterlinck's new drama, "Mary Magdalene," already announced in this column, whilst a third is Mr. Edward Hutton's "Siena and Southern Tuscany, a valuable addition to the works of historical research on Italy.

MESSRS. Smith, Elder are to publish next week a new book by Sir Frederick Treves. It bears the attractive title, "Uganda for a Holiday, and is to be equipped with a map and many illustrations."

THREE books which appeal to as many distinct sets of readers are about to be published by Messrs. Otto Schulze, of Edinburgh. One is Mr. Cuthbertson's account of the origin of the "Edinburgh University Library." It is to be illustrated, and gives a description of the manuscripts as well as rare books on the shelves of that historic library. Another is Professor William Knigot's critical estimates of "Nineteenth Century Artists—English and French" illustrated by reproductions of their pictures. The third consists of "Letters to Nervous People," on the treatment of their health, by Professor Oppenheim, of Berlin University, which has been translated from the German text by Dr. Alexander Bruce. Perhaps it appeals more to the medical profession than to people of excitable and imaginative brains.

ADMIRA

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

PERPLEXING AND CRITICAL STAGE.

A Secret Representative Convention.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The approach of the re-opening of Parliament finds the political situation in a most perplexing and critical state. While the party leaders maintain silence regarding the Veto Conference, the hints of Liberal speakers and apparently inspired articles in Liberal papers for weeks past have indicated the possibility of a constitutional settlement, by a process of devolution or grant of self-government to Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

This view is confirmed by an article in the *Observer* and a remarkable series of letters in the *Times* signed 'Pacificus,' with which all the Conservative papers, except the *Daily Graphic* and the *Spectator* have since come into line, suggesting that the Unionists would be willing to forgo their objections to Home Rule, provided their views on preference and the Navy were met.

The Liberal press is suspicious of this development and the latest letter of "Pacificus," proposing that the conference be replaced by a secret representative convention, which will simultaneously settle the questions of the Lords, the Veto and Home Rule.

It has evoked a wrathful outburst from the *Daily News* to-day, declaring that any fate is preferable for Liberalism to that beginning with devolution and ending with secret oligarchy. The *Daily News* adds that the omens point to a situation of great anxiety, and possibly to the irreparable discouragement of Liberals. It demands that the Government shall state whether they have authorised the pretensions of "Pacificus."

The *Morning Leader* says the Liberals are reluctant to oppose the developments leading to Home Rule, but the House of Commons refuse to be deprived of the liberty of discussion.

Mr. Walter Long, writing to the Grand Orange Lodge of Belfast, says "Old talk has been revived, but the result will be the same. We will not have Home Rule."

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Mr. Chamberlain has telegraphed to the Unionist candidates at Walthamstow and South Shields that their success is important in the interests of tariff reform and preference within the Empire.

Mr. Bonar Law, speaking at Glasgow, dwelt on preference, which, he said, overseas Statesmen were almost unanimous in demanding. Delay in acceding to the demand was not only dangerous, it might be fatal.

At a Conference of the Chamber of Commerce and representatives of Colonies in London, presided over by Lord Avebury, a resolution was passed that it was desirable to establish a British Empire trade-mark, for the purpose of distinguishing the products of the various parts of the Empire.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Mr. McKenna has informed the *South Wales Daily News* that he knows nothing of a naval loan.

AVIATION.

Still Another Fatality.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

An airman, M. Blanchard, arriving in Paris from Bourges, fell one hundred feet, and was killed.

British Airship Crosses the Channel.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The Lebaudy airship, presented to the nation by the *Morning Post*, journeyed from Moissons to Aldershot to-day in 315 minutes. It crossed the Channel from St. Valery to Brighton in two and a quarter hours, a British destroyer convoying it. The airship had been almost completely housed, when a girder ripped the envelope. The frame-work was unhurt.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Sir A. Bannerman, commanding the air-corps at Aldershot, assisted in piloting the *Morning Post* air-ship.

AMERICAN BALLOON RACE.

Last Competitor Found.

THE OFFICIAL RESULT.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The balloon "America," which competed in the Gordon-Bennett race, landed in the wilderness on Peribonka River, North of Lake Chilonga, on the 19th instant. All the crew were well. The balloon wins the Gordon-Bennett Cup.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The official result of the Gordon-Bennett balloon race is, America first, 1,355 miles; "Duesseldorf" second, 1,230; Germania third, 1,190.

America sailed beautifully for three days, floating calmly over the forests of Northern Quebec. Suddenly a storm compelled the aeronauts to land on an un-named mountain at an elevation of 1,500 feet. They travelled four days on foot and met Canadian trappers, who conveyed them in canoes to Stamboise.

THE PERSIAN AFFAIR.

No German Intervention.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 27.

An inspired Berlin telegram to the *Hamburger Machrichten* says that German official circles are officially unaware of the existence of the Constantinople telegram to the Kaiser. The message emphasises the fact that the majority of the people at the meeting were Persians, and says there is no question of German intervention in Persia.

LIFE OF DISRAELI.

First Volume Published.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The first volume of Mr. Monypenny's Life of Beaconsfield has been published. It deals with the early life to 1837 and it is hoped that the remaining three or four volumes will be published at intervals of six months. The work is favourably reviewed and is described as adequate, skilful and judicious.

Lord Morley, reviewing it in the *Times*, says, "Disraeli figured in a hundred different lights. Scarification and deification have done their work, and it is a comfort to have a compact supply of authentic material by a competent craftsman."

CHINESE ASSEMBLY.

Opening of Parliament.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Reuter wires from Peking that the Assembly, after a dignified debate, unanimously favoured the opening of Parliament as early as possible, rejecting an amendment postponing it for three years.

The President promised when he presents the memorial to the Throne, that he will use his influence to explain that the world sympathises with the Parliament.

UNION PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Mr. Fisher, the Australian Premier, has arrived at Durban to attend the opening of the Union Parliament. He was received with civic honours.

THE KAISER IN BRUSSELS.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The Kaiser, accompanied by the Kaiserin, visited the Hotel de Ville to-day, and exchanged speeches with the Burgomaster, each eulogising the progress of other's country in various fields. The Kaiser then reviewed the athletic and other clubs from the balcony.

DISASTER IN THE WEST INDIES.

Haitian Gunboat Lost.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Reuter wires from Port au Prince that the Haitian gunboat "Liberte" has been lost off Port de Paix, as the result of an explosion. It is estimated that seventy persons were killed and drowned. Twenty were rescued. It is believed that among the drowned were ten Haitian generals who were en route to take up their commands.

ASIATICS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Five out of the ten Asiatics from the "Sultan" have applied to the Court at Cape Town for authority to reside in South Africa. The application was rejected on the ground that their domicile had not been proved, and the educational test had not been passed.

THE TSAR TO VISIT POTSDAM.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

It is settled that the Tsar will visit the Kaiser at Potsdam on the 4th of November, when returning to Darmstadt, where he will stay on the 5th of November.

UGANDA CATHEDRAL.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

King George has sent a letter to the young King of Uganda sympathising with him and his people in the destruction of their Cathedral.

BOXING IN AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Reuter wires from Sydney that Papke has knocked out Williams in the middle-weight championship.

KING'S YACHTSMAN DEAD.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The death is announced of the yachtsman John Carter, King Edward's skipper.

THE STRIKE IN LISBON.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The Carters' strike in Lisbon has ended.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The death is announced of Maxwell Batten, formerly Commissioner of Customs in India.

MORE CRIPPEN CASE.

Other Newspapers Caught.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct 26.

The Managing Director and a contributor of the *Sheffield Weekly Telegraph* have been jointly fined one hundred pounds for contempt of Court, by the publication of a paragraph in connection with the Crippen case.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The Editor and Sub-Editors of the *Evening News* have been jointly fined £200 for publishing certain information while the Crippen case was *sub judice*.

GOLD DISCOVERY IN AUSTRALIA.

Most Enthusiastic Reports.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Reuter telegraphs from Perth that the Prime Minister, referring to the gold discoveries at the Bullfinch Mine, twenty miles from Southern Cross, said Kalgoorlie sinks into insignificance compared with reports regarding the new property which bids fair to eclipse anything in the history of the State. 109 leases, representing 2,492 acres, have been applied for. The Government is surveying a town site at Bullfinch.

ENGLISH RACING.

Jockey Club Cup Result.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The race for the Jockey Club Cup was run at Newmarket this afternoon with the following result:—

Lagos	1
Royal Realm	2
Charlemont	3

Five ran.

The race was won by a length and a half with six lengths between the second and third.

The betting at the start was:—

5 to 1 against Lagos.
7 to 1 against Royal Realm.
7 to 4 against Charlemont.

LATE SARDAR COOPOOSWAMY MUDLLIAR.

Memorial Portrait Unveiled.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 27.

His Excellency Sir George Clarke, the Governor of Bombay, this evening, unveiled the portrait of the Hon'ble Sardar Coopoosway V. Mudlliar, late President of the Poona City Municipality, before a large gathering of Councillors and others in the Municipal Hall in the city.

In referring to the services rendered by Sardar Coopooswamy to the City His Excellency said that the Sardar's latest benefaction to the city was an offer of a site with a completely equipped building of the value of Rs. 20,000 for a public dispensary which should bear the revered name of King Edward the Seventh. He also referred to the services rendered to Government by his forefathers which were highly appreciated and acknowledged by Sir Arthur Wellesley as also of his father who was of great service to Sir Hugh Rose during the operations of the Central India Field Force in the mutiny.

HON'BLE MR. SINHA'S SUCCESSOR.

Syed Ali Imam Appointed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 27.

The following Press Note has been issued this evening:—His Majesty the King-Emperor has approved of the appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, Barrister-at-Law, Standing Counsel of Bengal, to be the Legal Member of the Governor General's Executive Council in the place of the Hon'ble Mr. S. P. Sinha who resigns that appointment from the 21st November next.

KARMAJOGIN SEDITION CASE.

Judgment Reserved in Appeal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The hearing of the appeal of the Karmajogin Sedition Case was concluded to-day before Justices Holmwood and Fletcher. Counsel for the appellant made a short reply refuting the arguments advanced by the Crown. Counsel said that in the article the writer advocated the necessity of a union between the Nationalists and the Moderates and said that since the Moderates would not join them the Nationalists must have their own organisation. The Reform Scheme was also criticised with a view to its improvement. Their Lordships reserved judgment.

RAIN AND THUNDERSTORM IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 27.

A thunder-storm passed over Poona this evening between 7 and 8 p.m. giving heavy rain which fell in torrents for over an hour and a half. On Tuesday evening a similar storm passed over Poona giving us 1 1-2 inches of rain within the space of a couple of hours. We were just getting nicely into our cold weather and the sudden return of rain has driven the cold away, though the rain is rather unaccountable after our excellent monsoon.

A PENSION REFUSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

It is understood that the proposal submitted by the Government of Bengal that ex-Superintendent Haulain should be granted a pension, has been decisively negatived by the Government of India. Haultain was dismissed in connection with the Nimtola fire scandal of January last.

DISASTROUS FLOODS IN UPPER BURMA.

Much of the Paddy Crop Ruined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

From information now coming in, it would appear that the Meiktila and Kyaukse districts suffered most during the floods in Upper Burma, and even now there is much anxiety for the failure of the crops, with the failure of the floods to subside as soon as expected. It will be months before the damage done by the floods can be estimated with any accuracy, but the destruction of the paddy in the low-lying tracts makes it clear that it must be measured in thousands of acres and lakhs of rupees. Hundreds of villages were under water, and were cut off entirely from the outside world, till boats could be procured to restore communication, and replenish the supplies for the villagers' daily wants.

AN ASTROLOGER AND HIS LAND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 26.

A Rajahmundry correspondent writes:—N. C. Jagannadha Aiyangar, the famous astrologer of Rajahmundry, is now under remand. It appears he was rewarded with 50 acres for proficiency in astrology. While a matter relating to the 50 acres reward was under correspondence between himself and the Madras Government, he is alleged to have forged some Government Orders, purporting to be orders of the Madras and Indian Governments requesting the Collector at Godavari to make over land measuring 700 acres and also to see him supplied with everything necessary for its cultivation. This last purports to have been signed by Mr. Bhore, late Under-Secretary to the Madras Government, but without much foresight it was dated with a date subsequent to Mr. Bhore's joining duty in Ganjam, and it was also posted in Rajahmundry. The police arrested the astrologer and conducted to search on 23rd and 24th October. Some Government note paper was found.

MYSORE DUSSERA SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, Oct. 26.

Yesterday the Maharajah, accompanied by the Yuvaraj and in the presence of a large and influential gathering, presented medals, cups and other prizes to the successful competitors at the Dussera Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition. His Highness observed:—I have had more than one opportunity personally, of inspecting the arrangements made this year. I can only say I fully endorse the president's remarks that although this year's exhibition is smaller than those of previous years, it will bear considerable comparison with them in regard to the quality of the exhibits. It is difficult to gauge the value of these exhibitions by any mere comparison of figures, regarding attendance and the value of the exhibits sold. I for one am convinced that these exhibitions have a real educative value quite apart from the interest and recreation, which they afford to the people of the city and to the large influx visitors, which one has at the Dussera season. It will be a great pity to abandon the show as an annual event."

INDIAN OFFICERS ON LEAVE.

Special Staff Training.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 27.

The Government of India sanction a limited number of staff officers not exceeding four in a year being attached, while on leave to the staff at Home for periods of one month each for the purpose of adding to their professional knowledge. The officers selected, only one of whom may be of a colonel's rank, the remainder being of any junior rank, will be granted an allowance of £1 a day for the period of their attachment in addition to their furlough pay and travelling expenses to and from the place of training. They will not, however, be granted any extension of leave for the purpose. The applications of officers desirous of availing themselves of this privilege should be submitted through the usual channel to the Chief of the General Staff.

AN ACCOUNTS MANUAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Mr. Pritchard, Accountant General, Bengal, will be placed on special duty at the close of the Pujah holidays to prepare an Accounts Manual which will give in a simple and comprehensive form an explanation of the accounts system as employed in the Government of India. The manual is primarily intended for the instruction of junior officers, who enter the Accounts branch of the Finance Department. Mr. Tomkins, during Mr. Pritchard's absence, will act as Accountant-General of Bengal.

BENGAL SECRETARIAT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The Bengal Secretariat Offices move down to Calcutta by the end of the first week of next month. Mr. Lavinge, the present Acting Chief Secretary to the Bengal Government, is to be relieved early next month, reverting to his post of Commissioner of the Orissa Division. It has not yet transpired who will be then permanently appointed as Chief Secretary, but one of the most likely names is that of Mr. Stevenson Moore, who returns from furlough on the 5th proximo.

THE ARBUTHNOT INSOLVENCY.

Compounding a Debt.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 27.

To-day on the application of the Official Assignee, the Chief Justice, sitting as Insolvency Commissioner, gave sanction for his compounding the debt of Rs. 2,62,000 owed by Mr. Fletcher, the Proprietor of Rockwood and other estates of the late Arbuthnot and Co., by taking Rs. 1,20,000 in full settlement in accordance with the terms of agreement provisionally made by Mr. A. Read in 1907. His Lordship directed the Official Assignee to take interest at 6 per cent. and to get the balance secured on the mortgage of Mr. Fletcher's remaining property.

NASIK CONSPIRACY CASE.

Sword Found in a Lumber-Room.

The hearing of the Nasik Conspiracy Case was resumed on Thursday at the Bombay High Court by the Special Bench consisting of the Hon'ble Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice, the Hon'ble Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. J. Heaton.

Ramchandra Appaji, Police Inspector, Nasik, cross-examined by Mr. Gadgil, said he did not show the pistol to Gaidhani when the latter was making his confession before Mr. Khopkar. He did not remember if the Police had given a license to the "Mitra Mela" to sing songs during the Ganpati Festival. The "Mela" was registered with the police.

Cross-examined by Mr. Chitre, witness said he had searched Kelkar's house without a search-warrant. He did not know in whose hand-writing the words "Die for the Country" were.

Cross-examined by Mr. Settna, witness said he was never on duty at the Sikkarwada. On the night of the 12th January he and three other officers were not with Chandavardkar from 10 p.m. to 2 a.m. nor did they ill-treat him.

Cross-examined by Mr. Thacker, witness said he had never taken Dandekar to Babu Saheb Deshpande, nor did he ill-treat Dandekar.

Mr. Welinkar then tendered the items mentioned in the panchnama of the house of Pranjaype under section 11 clause 2 sub-section 2 of the Evidence Act. Mr. Welinkar also relied on section 14 of the Evidence Act.

Their Lordships declined to admit the panchnama in evidence.

Re-examined, witness said that by the words the "mela" was registered he meant to say that information regarding the "mela" was collected.

Sitaram Powar, Police head constable, Nasik, deposed to his having arrested the accused Kathe on the 1st January last at Rajengaum. Witness searched the accused's house at Rajengaum. A sword and a book relating to the Paisa Fund were found during the search.

Cross-examined witness said he arrested the accused without a warrant. The search was made without a search-warrant. The sword seemed to be two or three years old and was found in the store-room.

Luxmon Tatya, the pancha in the search, cross-examined, said that the sword had been thrown into a corner of a lumber-room.

Mr. Gadgil objected to the sword going in as evidence.

Their Lordships over-ruled the objection.

Re-examined, witness said that he called the room a lumber room as the earthen pots were lying there. He had not been in the room; the police had taken the search of the room.

Ganesh Narhar Thakur, examined by Mr. Welinkar, said he was once in possession of a small Browning pistol like the one shown to him. It was contained in a bundle given to him by Deshpande. The police searched his house, attached the pistol, and arrested him. He was subsequently sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment under the Arms Act.

Cross-examined, witness said he was kept in the Sirkarwada for fifteen days. He was an under-trial prisoner for more than four months. He had made a confession. Police officers used to see him occasionally when he was in Magisterial custody. Police officers used occasionally to go to the Sirkarwada. He never heard police officers trying to persuade the accused to confess. He was not induced to confess.

Several witnesses relating to searches made in Tikhe's house and his arrest were then examined and the Court rose for the day.

"HIMALAYA" ARRIVES IN QUARANTINE.

The P. & O. s. s. "Himalaya" arrived at Bombay on Thursday morning in quarantine. She brought passengers from London and Marseilles and dropped anchor an hour later than she had been expected at nine o'clock opposite the Ballard Pier. The reason for the quarantine restriction was that plague had broken out on the "Himalaya" before she reached Marseilles on the 15th instant after leaving London, and there was a suspected case aboard. It will be remembered Reuter wired "the P. and O. s. s. "Himalaya," on arriving at Marseilles, reported that three Goanese kitchen-hands had been under suspicion of having plague." Two of them had already been buried at sea. Afterwards three further suspects were landed at the Marseilles quarantine station. The ship was disinfected and the departure delayed until 13th instant. The Company received a wireless message, dated 15th inst, dated from the "Himalaya" stating that all the passengers and crew were well; a Goanese steward of the "Hymalaya" has died of plague in hospital at the Royal Albert Dock." The outbreak caused a delay of one day at the French port.

It was stated that many cases of plague had broken out amongst the Goanese stewards and native crew, including one European steward, who was afterwards landed at Aden with two others, of whom one has since died. As reported by Reuter some were buried at sea and one sick man was taken off the boat before the vessel left London and was placed in hospital.

Some of the passengers had suffered inconvenience also on account of the French Railway strike, some were delayed while others had to wait for the next boat. The latter were related to the Folkestone passengers, two-thirds of whom had to return to London because the Agents at the former town would not guarantee connection with Paris, that was to say, they feared passengers might get stranded in Boulogne. The Calais passengers arrived late in Paris, although they expected to miss connection on account of the expected dislocation of traffic on the French Government's Railways in consequence of the strikes with which they were threatened. In fact when they did entrain at Calais they found the French authorities adopting measures to guard the lines with troops. During their journey across France, it was learnt subsequently that an audacious though futile attempt had been made to derail the rain by tempering with the brakes. This happened on the Nord Railway connecting with the 11 a.m. conveying the London passengers. All the passengers were well throughout the voyage.

CHARGE OF DEFAMATION.

Case Dismissed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 27.

Orders were passed to-day by the Eastern Divisional Magistrate in the case brought by V. N. Swami, Tamil and Telugu interpreter of the Chief Court, against V. Madanjit, printer, publisher and editor of the "United Burma." Defamatory matters alleged against defendant were that he in the issue of the paper of 26th May last printed an article headed "The so-called Theistic Conference" wherein complainant was referred to by name and alleged serious imputations were made against him regarding his reputation, character and calling. The Magistrate discharging the accused on grounds of absence of complainant, said his action was justified considering the number of adjournments and very suspicious way in which complainant had delayed asking for postponement until the last moment.

COLLAPSE OF HOUSE-BRIDGE.

Four Coolies Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Considerable alarm was caused early this morning at No. 64 Ripon Street in a block of buildings occupied by Europeans and owned by Chunder Lal Lohai, a rich banker of Jorabagan when a huge bridge connecting the two of the houses suddenly came down with a crash. The bridge which was a masonry one had been in a very dilapidated condition. There were at the time several workmen engaged in pipe laying. Four of them were injured and was conveyed to hospital.

LEATHER INDUSTRY IN BOMBAY.

The Bombay Government has issued a resolution, on the report of Mr. A. Guthrie, who was appointed to institute a survey of the leather industry in the Presidency including Sind. In the course of the resolution it says:—

Mr. Guthrie has conducted the enquiry entrusted to him in a thorough and painstaking manner and although the report does not show that striking developments can be expected in the tanning and leather industries in this Presidency, the information collected affords material for taking action in several useful directions. The acknowledgment of Government should be conveyed to Mr. Guthrie for the thorough manner in which he has prepared his report, and their thanks should be conveyed to Messrs Cooper, Allen and Company, Cawnpore, for the loan of his services.

Every Division shares in the industries; the demand for indigenous goods is fairly met at a cheap rate, and while the export of tanned skins and hides has greatly fallen off, especially in skins formerly used for book-binding, this has to some extent been met by the growth of the demand for cheap goods of European pattern, which, however, are supplied by a different class of tanner. There is no uniformity in the condition of the workers who are reported to be, as a body, addicted to alcoholic liquor. Where, however, Co-operative Credit Societies have been established, there is a marked improvement in the general condition of the tanners. This is one of the most hopeful lines of State activity, and the Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies should be requested to promote the formation of such societies wherever the conditions are favourable. As noted below, the development of these societies is intimately connected with the supply of raw skins and hides to local tanner. The instance quoted in the report shows that a steady man can rise to considerable affluence as a shoemaker.

As pointed out by Mr. Guthrie little can be done to organize the supply of raw hides and skins. The number available from slaughter-houses near large centres is comparatively small, while the other sources of supply are widely scattered and each in itself supplies only an insignificant quantity. There is evidence to show that in many places the local tanners are finding it difficult to compete with agents who by on a large scale, and who, by paying advances to the classes who collect the skins of dead animals, are able to command the market. The experience of the Co-operative Credit Society established at Panvel shows, however, that this competition can be met by organization among the local tanners themselves. Owing to the increasing demand from America, which has been fostered by the recent abolition of the import duty on raw hides and skins, there is reason to believe that this competition is not likely to relax in these circumstances, the organization of the local tanners becomes a matter of importance in order to preserve a substantial share in the supply of raw material for local manufacture, and the establishment of Co-operative Credit Societies is the best means of attaining this end.

It appears that there are several substances available for tanning of which very little profitable use is made in this country and which, if properly treated, could be manufactured into extracts that would find a ready sale abroad. Owing to the expense and difficulty of transport, tanners in this country are restricted to the use of the raw tanning material that lies nearest at hand. Those who work on a large scale would find profitable use for such extracts, if made available in an easily transportable form and at a cheap rate while small men, more especially those who are now endeavouring to meet the gradually increasing demand for cheap goods of European pattern, would also be assisted by a supply of cheap tanning extracts of various kinds. It is probable the supply of a cheap tanning material of this kind would encourage the formation of small factories to supply this demand. This branch of the subject is also worthy of attention in connection with the export of tanned leather which has fallen off greatly in recent years. For instance, the trade in book-binding leather, which was of considerable importance, has decayed owing to the unsuitable material used at the tannages. Mr. Guthrie points out that there are other materials available the use of which would assist in recovering this trade. Government will consider further what action on their part is desirable with the view of promoting an industry in the extraction of tanning essences, either by the engagement of an expert chemist or otherwise. Meanwhile the Governor in Council desires to invite the attention of capitalists in this country to what on the evidence now available appears to be a profitable industry. Mr. Guthrie recommends that experiments should be made with the view of the introduction of exotic tanning materials of proved commercial value. This Branch of the subject will be investigated by the Forest Department.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. E. H. E. Leggatt, I. C. S., on relief, to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Dharwar,

Mr. W. T. W. Baker, I.C.S., on relief, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Dharwar.

Major V. de V. Hunt to be Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, with effect from the 4th October.

Mr. H. J. R. R. Wilson, Chief Inspector of Mines in India, is granted privilege leave with effect from the 1st October, or subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, to the 12th December and is permitted to relinquish his appointment in England on the latter date.

Mr. R. R. Simpson, Inspector of Mines, is appointed until further orders to officiate as Chief Inspector of Mines in India during the absence of Mr. J. R. Wilson.

The Reverend G. Hewitt, Chaplain of St. Paul's, Poona, to be Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden.

The Reverend H. Foote, Chaplain of Crater and Steamer Point, Aden, on relief, to be Chaplain of Crater, Aden.

The Reverend F. L. Bridges, B. A., Chaplain on probation, to be Chaplain of St. Paul's, Poona.

The Reverend J. A. Wilson, Chaplain of Satara to be Chaplain of Mahabaleshwar "cum" Satara and on relief to be Chaplain of Kirkee as a temporary measure.

The Reverend E. E. Hill, on return from privilege to be Chaplain of Mahabaleshwar "cum" Satara.

The Reverend G. R. A. Courtice, M. A., Chaplain of Kirkee, on relief, to be Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop of Bombay as a temporary measure.

The Reverend C. B. Grey Collier, Chaplain to the Bishop of Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 19th November or subsequent date.

Mr. R. Hogan, District Excise Inspector, Jamner, to be District Excise Inspector, Raver-Yaval Range.

The services of Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Barrister-at-Law, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the 13th October.

Mr. V. M. Ferrers, I. C. S., Assistant Judge, Satara, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-nine days with effect from the close of the Christmas holidays with permission to prefix to it those holidays.

Mr. Ezra Reuben, Joint Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Belgaum, was in charge of the current duties of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Belgaum, in addition to his own, from the 1st to the 15th April both days inclusive

1st Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps:—Second Lieutenant Eric Ernest Christie resigns his Commission.

Karachi Artillery Volunteers.—Second Lieutenant Clement Ayerst Beyts is transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Quicke, F.R.C.S., I. M. S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel L. F. Calide, M. B., I. M. S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on private affairs by two days.

Major T. Jackson, M.B., B.S., I.M.S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty.

Mr. H. H. M. Spink, Assistant Engineer, appointed to the Central Division, is posted to the Ahmednagar District.

Mr. F. V. Amor, L.C.E., Overseer, Third Grade, transferred from the office of the Consulting Architect to Government to the Northern Division, is posted to the Presidency District.

Mr. M. S. A. Lewis, Assistant Engineer, posted to the Northern Division is attached to the Ahmedabad District.

THE NEW MEN IN PORTUGAL.

An Interview with a Royalist Deputy.

"I am a Royalist Deputy," said Senhor Diaz, "and it is painful for me to have to admit that the Republicans have so rapidly and so easily formed a Cabinet, composed, of really remarkable men, after a most business-like and cleverly managed revolution."

Then, writes a special correspondent of the "Daily Mail," began my discussion of the Portuguese crisis with Senhor Carlos Molheiro Diaz, a distinguished Deputy, who has for many years represented Villa Real in the Portuguese Cortes. He spoke with the utmost candour and fairness.

"Perhaps," he added, "I can best serve my country in this crisis by speaking the entire truth and giving everyone his due. Unfortunately, I feel I must no longer nurse my monarchical ideas and dream of my monarchical past. I am a Loyalist but at the same time facts must be faced boldly, and the tendencies of a considerable portion, and not the least educated portion, of the nation should not be denied. The Portuguese Republic is a fait accompli. There may be some fighting still, but I believe that very soon the Republicans will be absolute masters of the situation, not only in Lisbon but throughout Portugal."

"What is your opinion of the President of the Provincial Government?" I asked. "Outside of your country he is only known as a savant and a poet."

PRESIDENT BRAGA.

"That is exactly what Senhor Theophilo Braga is. The Republicans have evidently wished to give Portugal and Europe an undeniable sign that peaceful intentions and a policy of general indulgence are not incompatible with the regime of liberty. Senhor Braga is the most steady and peaceable man imaginable. He detests violence and blood-shed. He is a philosopher, a poet, and above all, a man of remarkable intelligence and great kindness. A professor of Portuguese literature at the "Superior School" in Lisbon, he was my professor years ago, and I knew him intimately. Senhor Braga, who is now sixty-five years old, has devoted his life to study. He has written a great deal of poetry, but his chief work is his "History of Portuguese Literature" in twenty volumes, a masterpiece from the point of view of literary criticism and history. He has written hundreds of books, and is always referred to in our Press as the most glorious man of letters of Portugal."

"What of his political abilities?"

"He has always been a staunch Republican, but rather a theoretician than a man of action, and I am sure he must have been astounded at the news of his appointment to the Presidency of the Republic?"

"For him who has always led a sedentary life with a few friends surrounded by his books to be thrown so abruptly into the midst of active politics, to be made the head of the Government while fighting was going on in the streets of Lisbon and the royal palace was being bombarded, was a bewildering experience. At any rate Senhor Braga is a man of unlimited talent. Too long has the monarchy distributed high offices to men who had no intellectuals superiority whatever, Portugal has lived for years under a regime of 'mediocracy,' if I may coin such an expression. That has been the main cause of the Republican success."

"If the president," I suggested, "is a man so idealistic and so modest, almost obscure outside his literary glory, how will he cope with the numerous difficulties which are bound to arise in his political path"

MEN OF ENERGY.

"Ah, he has an excellent entourage! Besides, as I suggested, his nomination is guarantee of the peaceful aspirations of the victors. There are men of great energy in the Republican Government. Above all others we must place Affonso Costa. He has four years been my colleague in the Cortes, and I can assert that we have no man of greater personal courage and of equal talent as a politician. He is our leading orator in the Cortes, holds a chair at Coimbra University and is by general consent the best lawyer in Portugal. It may seem strange to you to hear me sound Costa's praise, but Lisbon is not London, and our Parliament is a small place where every member knows all the other members quite intimately, and lasting friendships link together politicians of totally adverse opinions. Affonso Costa is the typical revolutionary. He has stentorian and persuasive voice, which is both powerful and refined, he has finesse and will power, and is a born leader of men. It was he who in the Cortes boldly raised all those great questions—including the matter of the royal house's debts, which slowly but surely, as we have now seen, sapped the edifice of the monarchy. The portfolio of justice will be an important one in Costa's hands, for I know that one of his pet projects is the complete reform of our civil code—a reform which I must admit is urgently needed. At any rate, and although the news from Portugal is scanty, I am ready to assert that Costa has been responsible for the whole organisation of the Revolution, together with Antonio Jose de Almeida, who I see has been made Minister of the Interior—a most important office. Senhor de Almeida is the idol of the people. He is a romantic orator and an able doctor, who has done a great deal of good. Part of his medical career was spent in our colonies, in the island of Sao Thome, and in Portuguese West Africa. He is a most sympathetic man, whom even his political opponents appreciate and love.

HEAD OF REPUBLICAN PARTY.

"To be quite frank," Senhor Diaz continued, "I fancied Costa would be made President, and failing him Bernardino Machado. He has much of Senhor Braga's capacity, and at the same time he is a man of action. Some twenty years ago he was Minister of Public Works, under the late King Carlos. He resigned, became a Republican in the most matter of fact and open manner, and although he has been a deputy only since last August, he has always been the head of the Republican party. Senhor Machado is rich and has a large family, whom he likes to gather round him. He is a patriarch."

"Do you think," I asked him, "that the colonies will accept the Republic?"

"I feel certain they will."

"And as for the attitude of the new Government towards England. . . ."

"The foreign policy of Portugal is bound to remain the same. We cannot have a better and more useful friend than England, although I may mention that England is not the chief customer of Portugal. Brazil, of course, comes first. I may say that the Republicans have accused the Royalist Government of not having prepared and equipped Portugal to be of royal assistance to England. They have advocated a better Lisbon harbour, new docks, and a fleet worthy of the name, so that Portugal might in emergency be a useful ally of England and not a weak protege."

Finally we spoke of King Manoel, and this Royalists deputy, in a voice of deep emotion, thus summarised the pathos of his monarch's fate:—

"King Manoel paid for the mistake made before him and for the political ambitions of those who surrounded him and pretended to be his friends."

HINDUS OF PESHAWAR.

Feeling of Security Restored.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

According to a vernacular paper, Mr. Grant, the new Deputy Commissioner of Peshawar, has been able to restore a feeling of security in the town, and many Hindus, who suffered by loot, are thinking of resuming their business there. All local bad characters, five Hindus and nearly sixty Mahomedans, have been put in the lock-up and things are distinctly looking up.

RAIDING MADRAS OPIUM DENS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 27.

The City Police raided opium dens in various parts of the city yesterday and opium and opium preparations were seized, while fifty arrests were made. They were brought up before the Georgetown Magistrate this morning and the cases are being disposed of.

SPORTING NEWS.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

"Forty Twa" Medal.

THE first competition in the series for the above Medal attracted a good entry of forty golfers yesterday morning. Four competitions are played for this medal during the year, the four winners playing off to decide who shall take the medal. Players found the course, which is just now in excellent condition, considerably easier than when former competitions have taken place this year, and consequently some good cards were returned, the general standard of play being better than usual. The conditions were against "Bogey" whose score is 41 for the nine holes and no less than two competitors succeeded in beating the "old man." One finished up "all square", and four competitors were only one down. Both Roberts and M. F. Nicholson played fine rounds, the former who had to owe "Bogey" a stroke at the second hole completing the course in 38, the latter, who plays from scratch, doing 40 and both finishing one up. Roberts did the first three holes in "Bogey," but as he owed a stroke at the second, he was one down on crossing the road. He got a three at the fourth and halved the fifth in four which made him "all square" with a five and a two he won the next two holes and halved the eighth in three. To the last hole he took five and this was the only hole at which the Colonel beat him. Nicholson started very well winning two out of the first three holes. He then lost the next two and halved the long hole which made him "all square." He then got a three at the seventh and the last hole and ended up as stated above. Roberts' and Nicholson's scores were as follows :—

Roberts 5, 5, 6, 3, 4, 5, 2, 3, 5.
Nicholson 5, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6, 3, 4, 3.
Bogey 5, 5, 6, 4, 4, 6, 4, 3, 4.

Russ also played a very steady round and was one up on "Bogey" up to the last hole which he lost in five, having won the third and halved all the rest. Results :—

HANDICAP.

		Result.
a A L S Roberts	+1	1 up
a M F Nicholson	Fer	1 up
C A Russ	Scr	all square
E E Coombs	Scr	1 down
J A Cherry	—7	1 down
H E Hart	—2	1 down
R Marwood	—6	1 down
R G Abbott	—7	2 down
W Dunkerley	—7	2 down
C L Burns	—7	2 down
R K Macdonald	—6	3 down
R B Ryall	—7	3 down
G F D Tennant	—2	3 down
F W Maunx	—7	3 down
A Long	—5	3 down
H F T Tattey	—1	3 down
H B Murray	—6	3 down
R D England	+1	3 down
R Kidd	—1	4 down
R Aitken	+1	4 down
P W Cresswell	—3	4 down
A C Owen	—5	5 down
H F Busch	—2	5 down
H R Greaves	—5	5 down

a Tie for first place.

CALCUTTA INTER-CORPS SHOOTING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 26.

The Calcutta Inter-Corps Shoot—Colonel Binning's first Inter-Corps Shoot was held at Belghuriah Rifle Range. Ten teams competed and were representative of all the Regular and Volunteer shooting talent in and round Calcutta.

The Calcutta Light Horse were unable to send a team. The programme consisted entirely of tactical practices there being no ordinary bullseye shooting.

The 2nd Calcutta Volunteer Rifles won by a very narrow margin from the Rifle Brigade Regimental team and the winners are more to be congratulated as in one practice two bullseyes had to be deducted from their scores owing to some one having fired on the wrong target. Considering that all the practices were either rapid or at disappearing targets the shooting was of a high order, the highest possible score being 608, giving a percentage of 54.

Those present were Colonel Binning, Major Harman of the Rifle Brigade, Captain H. Hobbs of the C.P.D. Volunteers and Captain Macgregor, Adjutant, 2nd C. V. Rifles.

The following are the scores of the teams:—1st, 2nd Calcutta Vol. Rifles; 2nd, Rifle Brigade 245 pts. 3rd, 1st Calcutta Vol. Rifles 226; 4th, 1st B. N. R. Vol. Rifles 218 pts; 5th, Sergts' Mess Rifle Brigade 214 pts; 6th, Cossipore Arty. Vols. 191 pts; 7th, West Kent Regiment 147 pts; 8th, Ishapore Rifle Factory 137 pts; 9th Calcutta Port Defence Vols 131 pts; 10th, K.S.L.I. 131 pts.

The first prize was £4 and second £2, 1st Rifm. Slipper, Rifle Brigade 40 pts; 2nd Officiating Sergeant Major Lawton, 1st C.V.R. 39 pts; 3rd, Volrs Barook, 1st C. V A 34 pts; 4th Gunner Fitzpatrick C. A. V. 34 pts. The first, second and third and fourth prizes for the individual scores were £2, £1 10 s, and 10 s.

MEERUT B. P. R. A.

Record Entries.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 27.

This year's entries for the B. P. R. A., Meerut, are stated to have established a record. The number in each class is as follows :—

Class "A" (Officers), 62; Class "B" (Volunteers), 133; Class "C" (British Army), 503; Class "D" (Indian Officers), 106; Class "E" (N-C. Officers and men), 525, making a total of 1,329, or 90 more entries than in the previous record year of 1908-09.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 27.

Two games in the semi-final of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, postponed from yesterday, were played to-day. In the first the R. F. A., Kirkee, met the Royal Engineers, to play off their previous tie, but the game once more ended in a tie of two goals all. The second game, which was between the Leicesters and the Hornets, ended in a win for the former by two goals to nil.

SIR J. WILCOCKS' SUCCESSOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 27.

The news from Home states that Major-General Lake will succeed General Sir James Wilcocks as a Divisional Commander in India and will be posted to the Meerut Division. It may be remembered that Lord Kitchener offered him the Quarter-Master Generalship in India, but the Dominion Government could not spare his services. There will be two more vacancies in the Divisional Commands early next year, namely, General Sir L. Dening, Burma Division, on 6th February, and General Sir James Wolfe Murray, Secunderabad Division, on 28th February.

WEEKLY PLAGUE REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 27.

During the week ending 22nd October the plague mortality was 4,768 against 6,519, cases; The Bombay Presidency had 1,162 deaths, Madras 86, Bengal 104, the United Provinces 294, the Punjab 301, Burma 23, the Central Provinces 430, Mysore 379, Hyderabad 210, Central India 403, and Rajputana 1,266.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, OCT. 27.

The weather has disturbed off the North Bombay Coast.

The rainfall has diminished slightly in the north of the Peninsula and has increased in the south There has been nearly general in Bombay Deccan, south east Madras, and fairly general in the Madras Coast.

The chief falls are :—Madras, Cuddalore had one and half inches; Coimbatore, one; and Pamban, three-quarters.

Forecast.—The diminution of the rainfall in the west of the Peninsula.

HEAVY RAIN IN MADRAS.

Railway Communication Interrupted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, OCT. 27.

Owing to heavy rain, the East Coast line of the Madras and S. M. Railway, at mile 71 near Nayudupetta station, was flooded last night and the mails had to be transhipped.

OOTACAMUND, OCT. 27.

Consequent on heavy rain below Coonoor the bridge near 21 milestone from Ootacamund on the Coonoor Mettupalayam Road has been washed away and road communication is suspended. On the Nilgiri Railway line slips have occurred between 9 and 12 miles and railway communication is delayed three hours due to transhipment.

STORM SIGNAL.

The following telegram received yesterday by the Port Officer, Bombay, from the Meteorological Department, Simla :—

Storm signal, disturbed conditions off Kathiawar are less marked.

LATER.

Storm Signal, area of disturbed conditions has apparently moved westwards towards Aden.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 27TH OCTOBER.

Amritsar.—Cotton fields reduced by three annas in a rupee. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton crop accounts less favourable. Cotton second picking failed. Food-grains doing well.

Moolitan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Wheat being sown. Gingelly doing well. Cotton picking general.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Agra.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Cawnpore.—Seasonable. Cotton picking general.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking commenced and arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Cotton crop prospects improving.

Khamgaon.—Cloudy and unseasonable. Cotton picking general; crop accounts less favourable and estimate twelve annas. Food-grains doing well. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Dhulia.—Continues cloudy. Cotton picking commenced and arriving in small quantities.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings somewhat cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton crop making good progress and accounts satisfactory.

Viramgam.—Cotton plants in flower.

Wadhwan.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants healthy, crop excellent and making good progress. Cotton first sowing in flower and sowing bolls.

Dholera.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing and show bolls rapidly ripening.

Surat.—Locks like clearing up. Cotton plants seriously damaged by too much rain. Cotton larger area sown this year. Cotton crop accounts less favourable and estimate six annas. Food-grains and wheat doing well. Rabi crop prospects generally good. It rain continues longer it will prove injurious to rabi crops and cotton.

Shohapur.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Considerable improvement in crops perceptible.

Hubli.—Looks like clearing up. Food-grains and all crops doing well.

Bellary.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton crop accounts continue favourable.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 27TH OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 27th October, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is about the average. Temperature is generally normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is in defect in the east and normal over the rest of the division. Temperature is normal except for a defect during night at Cawnpore.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual in Upper Sind while it contains the average amount of moisture elsewhere. Temperature is nearly normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded in some places. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Maximum temperature is normal; minimum temperature is in defect in West Central India and in excess at Rajkot and Surat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are almost clear. Humidity is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is normal; night temperature is low at Hoshangabad and high at Akola and Chanda.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen. Ratnagiri has had 0·25" and Karwar 0·21" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has been received; Malegaon records 0·18", Ahmednagar 0·61" Poona 0·15", Bijapur 0·11" and Belgaum 0·20". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air continues in large excess. Temperature during day is slightly below the average; night temperature is generally in excess

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the Bombay Deccan and on the West Coast, in the Madras Deccan, on the south Coromandel Coast and also in Ceylon. Light local falls have been reported from north Hyderabad. Colombo reports 1·06" Mangalore and Cuddapah 0·52," Madras 1·33" Coimbatore 1·23" and Negapatam 0·52" of rain. Cloud has decreased in the Central Provinces but skies remain moderately to heavily clouded in the Peninsula and also in Ceylon.

Nearly general rain is likely in the south Bombay Deccan, on the Malabar Coast, in Mysore and on the south Coromadel Coast. A few falls may occur in the Madras Deccan and on the West Coast.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 27th October was 29·939 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 13 feet at 6 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "it gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition delicately perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(The "Bombay Government Gazette," October 27.)

Venkatesh Ramchandra Angal, late a Second Grade Head Constable in the Satara District Police Force, has been dismissed from Government service.

The undermensioned gentlemen to be Magistrates of the Second Class in the East Khandesh District:—Maheban Gangadharrav Raghunathrav Gambhirrav Deshmukh, Second Class Sirdar Khan Saheb Vazir Hidayat, Mr Keshav Jagannath Dikshit.

The Second Class Magisterial powers conferred on Mr. Manekial Vrijbhukhandas, Mamlatdar of Vagra, in the district of Broach, are hereby withdrawn for a period of six months.

The following appointment is confirmed—Mr M R Telang, Head Sheristedar, High Court, Appellate Side, to act as Assistant Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, and Superintendent of the High Court Press.

Mr. Rajaram Dayaram Pandya, LL B, Acting Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, Kaira, to be Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge.

Mr. Ezra Reuben, Joint Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Belgaum, was in charge of the current duties of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Belgaum, in addition to his own, from the 21st to the 15th April, both days inclusive.

Sorabji Ratanji Master, Huzur Deputy Collector, Belgaum, is allowed privilege leave for 25 days with effect from 5th October.

Mr. Krishnarao Ramrao Panjikar to act as Huzur Deputy Collector, Belgaum, during the absence on leave of Mr. Sorabji Ratanji Master or pending further orders.

Mr. Abdullah Abdul Wahed to be a non-official member of the Committee of Visitors of the Reformatory School at Yerawda, vice Khan Saheb Dorabji Dadabhai Boottee, deceased.

Mr. Ramchandra Parshuram Godbole to act Head Master, Poona High School, vice Mr O H T Dudley until further orders.

Mr. J R Sawant, B A, Mamlatdar of Khanapur, is granted leave without pay for one month and eight days (from 25th October to 2nd December both days inclusive), and Mr. Trimbak Raghunath Kharshikar, BA, Head Karkun on Rs. 50, taluka Khanapur, is appointed to act in his place.

Mr Vasudev Bapuji Sinotri, BA, Mamlatdar, under orders of transfer to Havely, is granted leave on medical certificate for one month and a half from 3rd October.

Mr. Ganesh Laxman Sule, Head Karkun, Alibag, in the Kolaba District (pay Rs. 60), is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Mangaon in that district during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Narayan Narsingh Bhandarkar for one month.

The six weeks' privilege leave granted to Mr Shriniwas Hayagrivacharya Kowlgi, Mamlatdar of Hundgund, in the Bijapur District, was extended so as to bring the total leave to forty-six days. Mr Nariman Jehangiri, District Excise Inspector, Raver-Yaval Range, to be District Excise Inspector, Jamner.

Mr. Savailal Girdharlal Pandya, L C E, appointed Overseer, Third Grade, on probation, is posted to the Northern Division, is attached to the Kaira and Panch Mahals District.

Mr Shivram Kashinath Bhagwat, L C E. Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Pravara Canals District.

Mr Narayan Vinayak Jog, Supervisor, Second Grade, is transferred from the Pravara Canals District to the Poona District.

Mr Teckchand Chartsing Lakhani, L C E Overseer, Third Grade, is transferred from the Poona Irrigation District to the Nasik and Ahmednagar Irrigation District.

Rao Saheb Sakharam Amrit Palshikar, Huzur Deputy Collector and Magistrate, First Class, Nasik City, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the Nasik City Sub-Division.

Mr G K Sirnobat, Sub-Inspector, Kelva-Mahim, Thana District, on Rs 30, has been granted leave without pay for one month and six days, with effect from the 30th September.

Mr S A Nanavati, District Excise Inspector, Surat-Junnar Range, Poona District, on Rs 100, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 10th October and the following acting arrangement ordered :—Mr R A Entee, Excise Sub-Inspector, Poona City and Cantonment, on Rs 30, to Act as Inspector in the Rs 100 grade vice Mr Nanavati, Mr Hormasji Nowroji Nania, a candidate, to act as Sub-Inspector vice Mr Entee and to draw Rs 30 per mensem.

The following postings are ordered in Customs and Salt Department :—Mr V Fernandes to be Inspector, Poona City and Cantonment, Poona District Head-quarters Poona. Mr Hormasji Ratanji Kolhapurwala to be Sub-Inspector, Umoergaon Thana District Head-quarters Nargol, Mr. Farudud-din Munshi to be Sub-Inspector, Dahanu, Thana District Head-quarters Dahanu. Mr V Rodgers to be Sub-Inspector, Bagalkot-Bagewadi Range, Bijapur District Head-quarters Bagalkot. Mr Fate Mahomed Bawamia Kazi to be Subhinspector, Salsette, Thana District Head-quarters Andheri. Mr Sayed Ahmed Sayed Hussein Sekkaf to be Sub-Inspector, Bassein, Thana District Head-quarters Bassein. Mr G K Sirnobat to be Sub-Inspector, Kelva-Mahim, Thana District Head-quarters Palghar. Mr N B Moghe, Sub-Inspector, Poona City and Cantonment, on Rs. 40, to be Sub-Inspector, Mulshi Petha and the Bhor State, Poona District Head-quarters Poona.

The following transfer and appointment are ordered:—Mr. Mahadev Chintaman Kelkar, B A, from Sindkheda to Bhusaval. Mr. Balkrishna Ramchandra Deshmukh, B A, Head Karkun, Shahada, to act as Mamlatdar of Sindkheda until further orders.

Mr. Luxman Khanderao Kulkarni, B A probationary Fifth Grade Mamlatdar, taluka Chopda in the East Khandesh District, is confirmed in that grade.

The appointment of Mr. Sankarganda Ramarganda Patil as a Conciliator in the Sampgaon Taluka of the Belgaum District, is cancelled at his own request.

Mr. Dagduram Sambhuram, residing at Rahuri, is appointed, with effect from the 31st October to be a Conciliator within the limits of the Rahuri Taluka in the Ahmednagar District, in addition to his own duties as a Village Munsif.

Mr. Annacharya Kattacharya Katti, LLB, to be Assistant to the District Public Prosecutor, Dharwar.

Mr. N D Gharde, Assistant Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, and Superintendent of the High Court Press, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from 3rd November 1910, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Government of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Tenerife Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 27th October 1910.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	26	19	25	14	56
Teheran ...	27	12	30	2	6
Suez	27	13	45	0	50

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (20-6-09).

Cable Obock Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-09).

Berbejon reports Aswaz Line interrupted beyond Bentaban, (26-10-10).

AEROPLANES AND WIRELESS.

What Experiments have Shown.

An Aeroplane equipment with telegraphic apparatus by means of which it can communicate with the land is an auxiliary in warfare which far surpasses the aeroplane without it. Ascent and descent is not always an easy matter in uncertain or awkward country, and an airman reconnoitring for an army is at a great disadvantage if having flown ten or twenty miles to ascertain the enemy's positions he must return that distance and discend in order to communicate his information.

During the recent Army manœuvres, when recognition of the aeroplanes was somewhat tardy, it occurred to me that if the machines were fitted up with wireless they would immediately assume an importance which could not be ignored. A day afterwards we were carrying out experiments on Salisbury Plain.

Many problems of intense interest to the general public arise out of such experiments. Only a few weeks ago a public demonstrations was given of an aircraft being directed by wireless. This means that power can be controlled on the aeroplane by people on the earth and though the advantage of such a thing appears somewhat problematic, there is no doubt that it demonstrates the possibility of operating apparatus on the aircraft which could be used as a means of receiving messages.

A NEW PROBLEM.

Wireless telegraphy from air to earth is a very different problem from ordinary "wireless" though to the lay mind, it would seem simple enough. In an ordinary wireless station there is a mast, from which depend one or more aerial wires, but there is also a very strong connection with the earth (or the metal sides of a ship, or a even to sea, in the case of a station afloat), which act as an essential complement of the aerial forms a vital part of the wireless system.

Now, when you are in the air there is obviously neither earth nor water; one has to deal with "wireless" in the strictest sense of the term, and signals sent from the aeroplane are liable to die out very quickly when it gets any distance from the receiving station. This absence of an "earth" is the stumbling block to wireless telegraphy from the air but, like most other electrical difficulties, it can be overcome. In the apparatus used by me at the recent experiments on the War Office flying ground two separate aerial elements or antennæ, were employed; a wire of special construction, very large superficially but very light, ran from each side of the airman to the extreme side of the front planes of the machine and thence backwards to the tail. In this way two equal aerial wires some forty feet long were obtained one of which performed the same office as "earth" would in an ordinary wireless station. A powerful but small, sparking coil was fixed in a light wooden box to the passenger seat, behind the airman, and in this box also was the whole of the apparatus necessary to generate the electric waves.

FOR SIGNALS OF DISTRESS.

Needless to say, extremely careful calculation is necessary in order that each component part of the apparatus shall work in with the others; it is possible, for example, to waste a great deal of energy by not having the aerial wires of a length suited to the generator of the Hertzian waves, and so on. For long-distance work it will be possible to greatly increase the efficiency of the apparatus without necessarily making its weight much greater. The Morse key, with which the airman taps out his messages, is fixed to his seat at his side, and with his left hand he can keep up communication in comfort with the army to which he is attached.

Signals of distress are already being discussed for airmen whose machines will be fitted with wireless. Consider the advantage of the system in a long flight over sea, when the aeroplane, by reason of its speed, may get a long way ahead of a tug or ship following it; a short, quick code signal—and it is known that the airman is in danger. It will even be possible when directive wireless systems are a little further advanced to locate with good approximation his actual position.

Some experiments were carried out a month ago in America from an aeroplane to a land station when Mr. James McCurdy sent a message to a wireless operator from Baren Island to Susspehead Beach track; in this instance, a long aerial wire trailed behind the machine, fifty feet in length weighed down with a lead bob. Such a system however successful it might be, would be very dangerous for serious work. Any loose wire might get caught in the propelier, which would instantly be smashed owing to its high speed. The aerial wires must be fixed rigidly, yet they must not touch either the wooden sanchions or the steel wires of the aeroplane itself, as any contact would greatly diminish the efficiency of the apparatus.

THE OBNOXIOUS GRASSHOPPER.

A few words relative to the receiving apparatus may be of interest. The amount of electrical energy received from wireless signals, even a few feet away from the sending apparatus, are of such an exceedingly weak character that most delicate instruments are required to "pick it up." Two long wires are suspended parallel to and about fifteen feet about the earth, running north and east, from one antenna and two more, running south and west, from the other. These wires are attached to the ends of a little coil of fine copper wire would round a tube of glass, through which an endless band of fine iron wires travels, driven by clockwork; over the coil is wound another coil, the ends of which are connected with a pair of delicate telephones, which are kept to the ears by a spring iron band fitting over the receiver's head. Two small steel magnets are placed together opposite the glass tube through which the wire band is travelling, and the net electrical result is that when a "wave" is detected by the aerial wires, a dull buzz is heard in the telephones. Long and short buzzes correspond to the dashes and dots respectively of the Morse code. This electro-magnetic detector, as it is called, is one of the most successful pieces of apparatus invented by Mr. Marconi.

An experienced ear is required to hear these signals, and one has to make a strict convention with one's conscience not to be misled by sounds in the telephones which might easily be mistaken for real signals. Fortunately, with my scheme of aerial wires there are practically no noises heard due to atmospheric or ground effects, but lying on the ground at Salisbury Plain the other day the grasshoppers' buzzings sounded in the telephones so like the actual signals that it was necessary to stand up to receive, and have the effect of the noise of the wind in one's ears instead. In subsequent experiments a portable sound-proof telephone box will be used for the receiving operator, though in actual warfare it would be essential to have the "receiving station" very portable and not incommoded with such a thing.

It is probable that within the next few months wireless communication with aeroplanes over considerable distances will be practicable, more especially since the Marconi Company have expressed their desire to co-operate in this latest branch of the wonderful science of the telegraphy without wires.—Mr. T. Taorne Baker, in the "Daily Mail."

TSAR FERDINAND'S DILEMMA.

The Storm Centre in the Balkans.

Prince Ferdinand von Koburg, Tsar of Bulgaria, has got his Royal Crown, but he is not happy, Whatever has been the stake for which he played, he has not won what his fierce subjects wanted. The "Great Bulgaria," that was to have poured itself across the Despoto Dagh, annexing pretty nearly everything remaining between the Danube and the Vardar, stretching very near, or all the way, to Salonika and Constantinople: that passionately caressed ideal of Bulgarian patriots is more ideal—or, at least, more, unreal—than ever; "and the Bulgarians blame Tsar Ferdinand." "He has got the title of King, but we have lost our Great Bulgaria." Ferdinand von Koburg has not been the successor of Alexandre von Battenberg for more than a quarter of a century, he has not lived amid plots and assassination for all those years, without being able exactly to understand the danger which threatens him from his truculent Bulgarians. When the Sultanship of Abdul Hamid collapsed, when old Turk and Young Turk were swooping on another round Yildiz Kiosk, when the Prince of Bulgaria, as he was then, suddenly proclaimed himself absolutely independent and a King, all the Bulgarians cried that now they could drive the Ottomans into the Bosphorus, seize Roumelia and Macedonia, do what they chose by means of their strong and perfectly equipped army which had been so assiduously prepared and completed in view of just such a crisis as now opened before them. With a total population of four millions, the Bulgarians had got an army 300,000 strong, in admirable discipline, equipped with the best rifles, the best cannon, the best of everything. His people were enthusiastic for their Prince because he had given them that army, and now they expected him to use it for the great opportunity. He had torn up the last figments of a nominal vassalage. He had proclaimed himself a Bulgarian King. The Turkish power was in the dust. Why was not Tsar Ferdinand driving the broken Ottoman into the Bosphorus? Ferdinand was getting his kingship "recognised." He was most magnificently visiting his new co-equals, the Sovereigns of Europe. But Bulgaria was no bigger and no greater.

And now the Bulgarians, from the politicians in the cafes to the shepherds on the Hills, know that the Turkish Army is again a formidable and growing host, and—Most maddening of all things—that the jealously disliked Christian rivals on Danube side, the tenacious and resolute Roumanians, have concluded a military convention with the hated Turk that if the Bulgarian army crosses the Turkish border 300,000 Roumanians will form up on the Bulgarian frontiers. And this is why Tsar Ferdinand hears in every word, every gesture, of his vindictive subject this one universal interrogation: "Have you lost us our opportunity?" It does not at all follow that any opportunity has been really lost, though the Bulgarians be convinced that it has. Other considerations than a divided Turkish army can well have barred a Bulgarian march to Constantinople a couple of years ago. In fact, we could mention one or two obstacles with which Tsar Ferdinand was probably acquainted, even though his interesting subjects were not.

The fact remains that a situation of passionate unpopularity has been created round the Tsar Ferdinand by the belief of his subjects—more masters than subjects—that he failed to seize the right moment on the fall of Abdul Hamid, and that his failure to strangle the Young Turks in their cradle has now been infinitely worsened for Bulgaria by the anti-Bulgarian compact between Roumania and Turkey. I do not profess to foresee how that situation will end. But it is impossible to exaggerate the gravity of one aspect of the trouble at least. We have on the one side the rising anger and bitter disappointment of a fiercely and truculently martial nation who have as little comprehension of moderation in what they believe to be patriotism as a Corsican has of mercy in vendetta. Like the "bons petres de famille" of the French saying, the "Bulgares sont capables de tout," and Tsar Ferdinand knows it. On the other side we have the threatened ruler, who is one of the strongest, craftiest, subtlest adventurer-statesmen and adventurer-soldiers who have ever appeared even in an Italian State of the Renascence, and who is now threatened with the disastrous loss of everything that he has won by the unflinching intrigue and daring of a generation. It has often appeared to me that in Ferdinand von Koburg we have a twentieth century revival of one of those Viscontis, Malatestas, or Sforzas, combining the finest points of the condettiere and the diplomatist, as diplomacy was understood when Gian Maria was Duke of Milan; and it is this many-sided Machiavelli cum Carmagnolo who may have now practically to choose between Personal Ruin and General War. We know what value he attaches to his Bulgarian Crown. We know that, though a Catholic, he did not hesitate to bring up his sons as Orthodox Greco-Slavs in order to make sure of the Bulgarian succession. Has he definitely put on the kingly crown only to end in "Abdication or———?" Whatever else may happen between Salonika and Bucharest, one thing, we may be sure, will be happening all the time, so long as Tsar Ferdinand lives. He will be working to realise the Great Bulgaria. And Shefket Pasha, the Young Turk Cromwell, knows it too. "We must be always watching Ferdinand," he says, "with 100,000 men."

I have just heard that the ultra-nationalist agitation in Bulgaria is becoming acute. The Austo-Hungarian and German Legations have to be watched by detachments of police and soldiery to prevent outrages by the Bulgarian refugees driven out of Macedonia by Turkish atrocities. What is more serious still is the unpopularity directed against Tsar Ferdinand on the ground of his friendly relations with Germany and Austria, the Powers behind the Turko-Roumanian Compact directed against Bulgaria. He is accused of being at a hunting-lodge in Hungary while the Compact was signing. All this increases the pressure which must drive this able and remorseless Prince to vindicate by extreme means his endangered position. Like his subjects, he feels that Berlin and Vienna have betrayed him.—"Pall Mall Gazette."

JAPAN AS THE COMMITTEE MACHIAVELLI.

The most widely read foreign author in Japan is Niccolo Machiavelli, and the work of his most usually read is 'The Prince.' It is a very much misunderstood book, but that is a matter that concerns us not here, except in so far as this, that it is the only Western book that has been completely mastered by Japan," says the Shanghai (Chins) 'National Review," in a furious attack on Japan and its Korean policy.

"In an early chapter of that book we read, 'The desire to acquire possessions is a very natural and ordinary thing, and when those men do it who can do so successfully they are always praised and not blamed.'

THE VIRTUE OF SUCCESS.

"This faithful statement of the simple fact of the moral superiority of success over all the other virtues is alone sufficient to explain the chorus of approval with which Japan's monstrous repudiation of all her pledges with regard to Korea has been greeted. The calculated hypocrisy of the whole business would have been impossible had not international jealousy and international 'blue funk' combined to prevent any effectual protest; and the sibilant smile of Japan is the most hypocritical touch of all, for she does not really go into Korea with a smile; she goes with an iron heel, with a grim determination to extirpate; and this without any qualm.

HOW CHINA MUST HOLD MANCHURIA.

"The first lesson is for China to read. The Japanese frontier for the first time in history marches with that of China. Manchuria still belongs to China. It must be crammed with Chinese peasantry, and armed to the teeth with China's best troops. The same is true of Mongolia. If China is to remain an Empire she must devote her first attention and the bulk of her wealth to military purposes—men, ammunition, communications—in order to be ready to drive the enemy back from the gates, back if need be to the waterfront and beyond it. We are not militarist; we hate militarism; but the Empire must be prepared to fight her battles. Japan has the Manchurian cup raised to her lips. China must be ready to sever the hands that hold the cup. She cannot do this in her own strength. She must be prepared to use foreign gold and foreign brains; both are obtainable, and at reasonable rates. The words between the first and the last are few, and the chief of them is Friendship. Not that we place any value on disinterested international friendship; it has played China too many scurvy tricks. But one may make sure of the friendship, the purely selfish friendship, of those who have a vested interest in him.

CHINA AND FOREIGN CAPITAL.

"If then China wants friendship of something more than a Platonic character she must admit foreign capital and foreign enterprize to the threatened areas. Had the United States on Germany or Great Britain had any big interests in Korea, Japan would now be sitting, a whipped and whining cur, on the doorstep. Create foreign interests in Manchuria by the concession of mining, forestry, industrial, and agricultural privileges; make it worth while for Britain for the United States, for Germany, and for France to stop Russo-Japanese advance in Manchuria and Mongolia, and they will stop it. Let them all come; by opening the door the pernicious 'spheres of influence' policy will be made of none effect."

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 15th October.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11	£15,500,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 15th October 1910, by Council Bills ... *.	£11,908,918
Balance to be remitted from 16th October 1910 to 31st March 1911 ...	£ 3,591,082

* Of this sum £1,745,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

A CONSTANTINOPLE telegram states that the Turkish Government is negotiating with Mr. Patterson, of the Standard Oil Company, for the purchase of two Brazilian warships.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE SPINSTER INFLUENCE IN EDUCATION.

"By a strange paradox it would appear," says a writer in the "Times" Woman's Supplement, "that the one indispensable qualification for mothering the nation's children is not to be a mother. In all other callings and professions first-hand knowledge and experience are considered necessary. Yet in the most difficult and complex one of training the future mothers of the race, these very qualifications are not merely not a recommendation, but an insuperable bar. The first rock of offence is the existence of the husband, and the fear of his influence upon the woman, and therefore indirectly upon the institution it seems to be entirely forgotten that most men in responsible positions have wives, but one never hears the converse point raised as an objection in appointing a headmaster.

"The effect upon our girls of living in an artificial atmosphere, from the time they are seven until in many cases they are seventeen, cannot but atrophy some of the most important of their aptitudes and potentialities. If the true Celestials tie up their women's feet from babyhood, we would-be Celestials tie up the finer sides of their most potent instincts for national and social good. The whole school staff is in many cases composed of women who have themselves been deprived of all mothering since they were girls, and who have no traditions to pass on, even at second-hand. They have lived from childhood an artificial, unnatural life, induced by the struggle for academic success. How should they understand the problems? Yet these women are preparing the future mothers of the race. Moreover, such a segregation of spinsters is not good for the spinsters themselves. The taste for home life is the one taste, not only neglected, but discouraged by our present type of education. And this indictment holds good from the lowest to the highest from the washer-woman's daughter, with her smattering of algebra and her disdain for scrubbing brushes, who is told that she has no 'business' to stay at home and mind the baby, to the wealthy woman's daughter, who is led to believe that all life is embodied in inanimate books."

DEAN WELLDON ON A NEW WORLD FACTOR.

DR. WELLDON, late Headmaster of Harrow, and now Dean of Manchester, has been to South America, and writes arresting accounts of its future in the "Manchester Guardian." "The international importance of South America belongs rather to the future than to the past," he says: "It will apparently become the one quarter of the world which will be in its essential characteristics Latin, republican, and so far as it is religious, Roman Catholic. Buenos Aires, with 1,250,000 inhabitants, is already the second Latin city of the world, next only to Paris. There has been no census which could afford trustworthy statistics of the population of South America as a whole; it is estimated roughly as being between 30,000,000 and 40,000,000 souls.

SPANISH POPULATION OF 150,000,000.

"But let the student of history cast his eyes forward into the dim future; let him suppose the population to reach 100,000,000 or 150,000,000; let him imagine the mineral treasures of Brazil and Peru and the agricultural resources of Argentina to be fully developed; let him conceive that over all the teeming millions of people between the Isth

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"D'ARCY OF THE GUARDS."

Mr. George Alexander, with the most alluring of Irish accents and the most becoming of red coats, gallant soldiers of the Food Guards in brave array, singing "Sally in Our Alley"—then "just out"—lovely American girls glorying in the name of "rebel," have indeed if a feast for the playgoer. Romantic drama at the St. James's has always a delicate aroma of its own, and "D'Arcy of the Guards," writes a London correspondent, is no exception to the rule. The love story of Captain and Colonel the Hon. John d'Arcy of the First Regiment of Food Guards, on the Staff of Lieutenant General the Earl of Cornwallis, and Pamela Townshend is the prettiest idyll tempered by bullets. He is quartered in her lovely old mansion in Philadelphia which the English occupy. She and her family, "rebels" all, feel the presence of Colonel d'Arcy and Dr. Gregory, the regimental surgeon acutely, but they have perforce to admit that personally the two English gentlemen treat them with every courtesy. Of course, of these two Englishmen, one is an Irishman—it must not be forgotton that this is an American play, and that its author Mr. Louis Evan Shipman, had to study the susceptibilities of his American audiences, to a large proportion of which the idea of a real Englishman being either brave or gallant would be absurd; an Irishman, certainly. It may also be explained at this moment that it was the privilege of the officers of the Foot Guards (afterwards the Grenadiers) at that time to hold a superior rank in the Army to their regimental rank—hence "Captain and Colonel" d'Arcy and so on.

DOUGHLY DEEDS.

But to resume, Colonel d'Arcy fights two Hessian officers of the British Army because they are being rude to Pamela. He saves Pamela's brother—of the Philadelphia Dragoons—from being hanged as a spy, and he does the family many other kindnesses, not the least of which is the introduction to their midst of the delicious, lazy Dublin drawl, which from the mouth of Mr. Alexander is the most fascinating thing. In the chief situation, where Pamela, having discovered the English, plan of attack, is about to ride out disguised as an English officer, and warn her compatriots of the surprise, d'Arcy, learning the truth, forbids her to leave, threatening to use force, if necessary. Force, against the woman he adores! She, desperate, shoots him—the man she unknowingly loves! But as he falls she knows that she loves, and cannot leave him. What to do? Torn between love and patriotism, she stays by her English victim's side and sends the old negro slave off with the information to the Americans. After that of course, we have only to wait with calm assurance, but pleasant interest, for the end. It comes quite charmingly, after d'Arcy has saved Pamela from arrests as the cause of the failure of the English attack. We have another picturesque group of officers—all, like their man, wonderfully spick and span; but then, they are His Majesty King George the Third's Regiment of Foot—and Pamela, instead of being arrested makes slaves of the lot of them.

AMUSING AND PICTURESQUE.

"D'Arcy of the Guards" is a bright and attractive entertainment, perfectly presented and played. It must not, of course, be taken seriously. Mr. Shipman would not ask that. Else he would not give us in the first act an important letter from her rebel brother—telling of his forthcoming secret visit through the enemy's lines—dropped by the lady and picked up by the gentleman, who concludes that the brother is a lover and yet chivalrously shields him. Nor the vital papers of the surprise attack left by the General in the pocket of his cloak, which cloak he leaves behind, taking a brother officer's in its place, in order that the rebel heroine for the purposes of the story, may secure them. Nor the lover's jealousy of the brother, nor the carefully worded expressions of devotion of the sister, so that the lover does not guess the relationship until the last moment. Nor, finally, the jealousy of Pamela because of the miniature—also dropped—of another lady which Colonel d'Arcy has mislaid. It is the portrait of his mother! All these pleasant romantics forbid us considering "D'Arcy of the Guards" as a work of serious import. But in it no way diminishes its attractiveness as an amusing and exceedingly picturesque entertainment. For one thing, one would fancy the captivating gowns worn by Miss Evelyn d'Alroy must cause an immediate reversion to the fashions of the eighteenth century. The play is really delightfully acted. Mr. George Alexander, looking so young, so elegant and devonair, talked like an Irish angel, and acted with great tenderness. As an example of the lighter side of his art, his Colonel d'Arcy will be among the most popular of his achievements. Miss d'Alroy as Pamela, also could not have been more gracious, more engagingly rebellious, or more melting in her sentiment. The scenes between these two were redolent of the bouquet of old world romance. Mr. J. H. Barnes, as Dr. Gregory, genial and kindly, was, of course, a tower of strength, as he always is. Miss Margery Maude, extraordinarily like her mother, Mrs. Cyril Maude (Miss Winifred Emery), Mr. Godfrey Tearle, as the rebel brother, and the many gentlemen representing the English officers, filled out the finished and romantic picture perfectly.

"INCONSTANT GEORGE."

Welcome, Miss Doris Lytton! His triumph is well deserved. She and Mr. Charles Hawtrey will make "Inconstant George" a tremendous success. One must not forget, however, the magnificent bed and the pyjamas. "Inconstant George" is quite an ordinary French farce, bowdlerised into English brightly and cleverly by Miss Unger. But curiously enough, her version of de Flers and Caillavets Parisian "comedy" will not succeed primarily because of its humour but because of its sentiment! The audience at the Prince of Wales's Theatre laughed heartily enough—especially at the intimacy of Mr. Hawtreys pyjamas, bare feet, slippers, dressing-gown, and pillow thumping—but, while they enjoyed the exquisite facial expression of the actor and his inimitably speaking body—it was the little serious scenes between Georges Bullin and Micheline which got closest to their hearts. They metaphorically ate Miss Lytton and shouted themselves hoarse for her. The characters and locale in the English adaptation remain French. They could not have been changed. But English propriety has had to be considered, while "winking the other eye." The gorgeous bedroom best exemplifies the superficial bowdlerisation. Georges is very rich and very fashionable, but for England that bed had to be ameliorated, So he has his supper spead in his bedroom. Consequently, when all sorts of ladies visit him—including a "music-hall singer"—there is the supper table for chaperone. The music-hall artist comes merely to supper.

ANÆMIA OF THE WILL.

George is always in trouble. He suffers from "anæmia of the will," and can never decide at any given time which one of any three ladies possesses his heart. He gets into such awful scrapes that he continually cries off and decides for the simple life in the country. Then he immediately starts out on another three. The last trio consists of his best friend's wife, her widowed cousin, and Vivette, the cafe-chantant "artist." But there is also Micheline, the young orphan ward of his best friend, Lucien de Versannes, who means to marry him, although he does not know it for a long time. Micheline is a "creation," both of the authors' and of Miss Lytton's. She is new and fresh and original something quite different. She is a sweet girl, but she is also a calculating little minx. Georges has been out very late, and returns at three in the morning. He finds at his flat Vivette, but sends her off howling when he tells her that he is in love with two charming ladies who return his affection. His sense of injury when Vivette leaves him in high indignation could only be properly expressed by Charles Hawtrey. His eyebrows, his walk, are eloquent. Georges, tired out, takes a sleeping draught, puts on his pyjamas—wonderful purple confections—doffs his lovely purple dressing gown and his slippers, and gets into bed. Each time he bangs his pillows and rearranges them, the audience scream with enjoyment.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

BY THE WAY.

OXFORD'S NEW VICE-CHANCELLOR.

With the new term at Oxford, Dr. C. B. Heberden, Principal of Brasenose, will succeed Dr. T. H. Warren, President of Magdalen, as Vice-Chancellor of the University. Dr. Warren, unlike several of his immediate predecessors, has held the office for the full period of four years. He has been a very popular and a very hard-working Vice-Chancellor, but amidst his laborious days he has found time to add a volume of essays in criticism and a dramatic poem to his published works. The new Vice-Chancellor is a Devonshire man by birth, was educated at Harrow and Balliol, and has been a Brasenose Don since 1872.

SNOWDONIA.

Mr. A. Lockwood, F. R. Met. Soc., writes from Beddgelert, North Wales: "One hears or has read so much lately about the unfavourable and unseasonable weather of these isles that the following items will probably be of interest to your readers. At Cwm Dyli, the beautiful valley below Pen-y-Gwryd (the favourite haunt of the late Charles Kingsley), the rainfall for September was only 0·87 inches, this amount falling on five wet days. The next lowest total monthly rainfall since 1907 was 3·15 inches in October 1908. Snowdonia's traditional autumn floods have not yet made their appearance this year, much to the chagrin of anglers and the joy of most other mortals. The farmers were able to get their hey home dry."

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Mr. Robert Kerr, passenger traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is retiring from active work after twenty-six years of service with this corporation. This event reminds the "Canadian Courier" that the C. P. R. is attaining a respectable age, and also that those who helped to build the railway are rapidly passing into the background. Sir William Van Horne, Lord Mountstephen, and Lord Strathcona all remain, but not in active service. Mr. Kerr joined the C. P. R. in 1884, nearly two years before the first transcontinental train passed from Montreal to Vancouver. He has, therefore, been with the railway through all its strenuous days. He retires with all the honours of a successful official. Mr. Kerr's successor is Mr. C. E. G. Usher, who has been with the Canadian Pacific since 1886.

THE OXFORD MANNER.

One of the most interesting passages in the "Life and Letters of Alexander Macmillan," is Macmillan's comparison of the manners of Oxford and Cambridge men. If appears in a letter to a friend at Madras: "The Oxford manner has more what might be called fine gentlemanliness—every one almost has it—a certain softness and repression of manner. I need not tell you what the Cambridge manner is. A friend would say it was opener and more manly—an enemy, rougher and less gentlemanly.... Then you cannot belong in Oxford among Oxford men till you feel that it seems a habit of mind in the place that they are bound to take action in some way on the world without. No Cambridge man, or very few, naturally and as a matter of course feels that he must do something to influence his day and generation. In Oxford it seems to me different altogether. Cambridge is always more occupied, it seems to me, with the studies—Oxford with the results" Macmillan spoke quite impartially, for he was a member of neither University, though he did business with both.

AMERICA'S REMBRANDTS.

From an article in the current "Century" we gather that there are on the other side of the Atlantic no fewer than eighty-eight oil-paintings, besides some small sketches, by Rembrandt. This means that America has double the number left in Holland, with a score to spare, and two dozen more than all in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Italy, Roumania, Spain, and Sweden. Indeed, there are only two countries which possess more than America—Great Britain, which has 165, and Germany, which has 120. London and Paris remain the great Rembrandt markets, while America has taken her place as the largest buyer. It is significant that fourteen of the sixteen Rembrandts from the recently sold Kann collections went to America.

THE MARRIAGE RATE.

Mr. G. T. Bisset-Smith continues in the October "Empire Review" his article on "The Approaching Census," dealing this month with some aspects of population. He tells us, among other things, that the marriage-rate of England is affected apparently as a whole by the value of exports, the marriages going up and down synchronously with the exports. Thus, a curve of value of exports is followed fairly closely by the fluctuations in the yearly number of marriages. Sex-distribution also affects the nuptiality of a country. In most populations there are more women than men. But more boys are born than girls, the ratio being about 207 to 200. The male death-rate is, however, higher than that of the female, partly because men lead harder lives.

THE POPULATION OF THE EMPIRE.

The largest aggregate of population ever united under one political control, the British Empire is also, Mr. Bisset-Smith states, the most varied in condition, physical and sociological. The Empire contains more than a fourth of the population of the globe, and more than a fifty of its inhabitable area. Its growth during the last thirty years has been from a population of 235 millions and an area of about 7,770,000 square miles, to 420 millions and an area of about 12,000,000 squares miles; while its trade is about one-third of that of the whole world, thus according for its immense wealth and predominance.

THE TRAVELLING POST OFFICE.

In the public mind, the travelling post-office is chiefly associated with the mail-bag exchange apparatus. There is something that appeals to the imagination in the idea of mail-bags being received into and despatched from trains running at high rates of speed. Yet few, if any, of those whose imagination is thus stirred by the sight of the net and arms on a T.P.O. carriage can (a writer in "St. Martin's le Grand" says) be in a position to realise that the apparatus represents to them the most highly developed system of the kind in the world; a system which is the outcome of upwards of seventy years' experiments on the part of supervisors and examiners of mail-bag apparatus, and finally, a system which experts from the postal administrations in all parts of the world have inspected and of which they have received specifications and plans.

PRUSSIAN VOTING SYSTEM.

The following delightful announcement is a genuine official notice published in the "Saar-bruck Gazette" (Prussia):—

NOTICE.

The by-election for the Brebach Council, which was fixed for 3 p.m. on the 11th inst., in the Council Chamber of the Brebach Town Hall, will not be held on that day, owing to the absence of the one elector who is entitled to vote in the first-class. The new election-day will be announced later.

BECKER, Mayor.

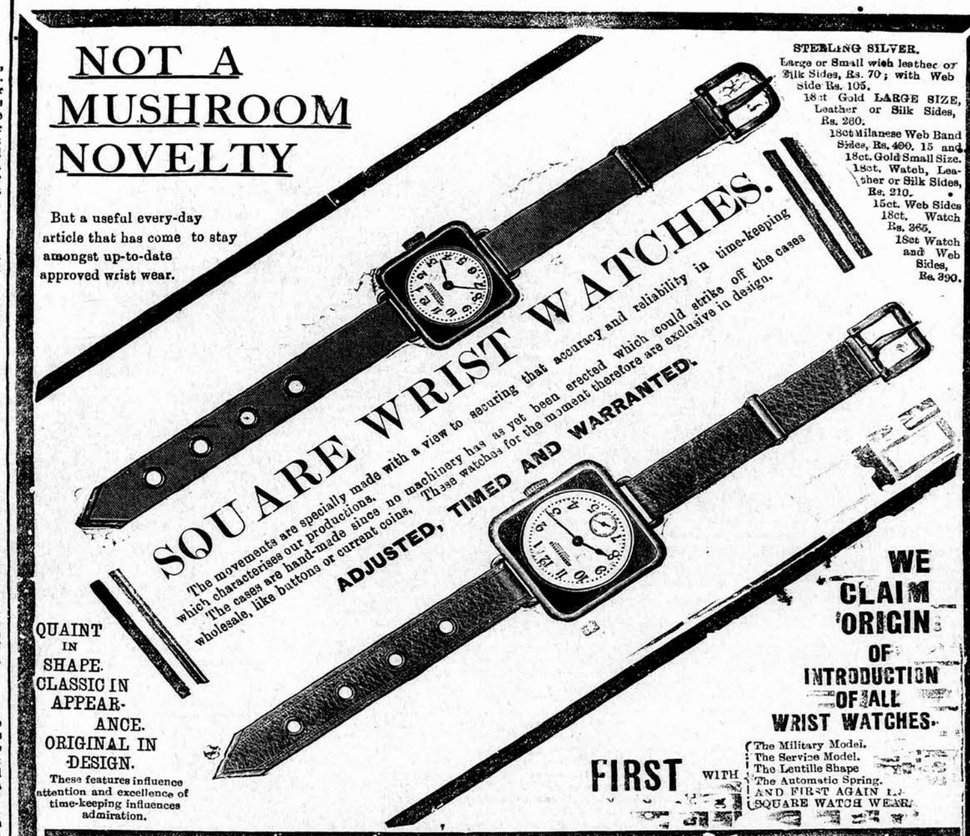
Brebach, 6th August, 1910.

This notice means that in Brebach there is one rich man whose income alone amounts to one third of the total income of the place, and he therefore has in his own hands one-third of the voting power. It is the sort of thing that happens under the Prussian three-class system of voting. It is worked, roughly, like this. Suppose the total assessed income of a place amounts to £15,000 a year. The voters' roll is arranged in order of income, the richest at the top and the poorest at the bottom. The first class of voters is made up of the rich people at the top of the roll whose combined incomes total £5,000 a year—a third of the total assessed income of the place. This class exercises one-third of the voting power, though it may comprise only half-a-dozen men, or even, as at Brebach, only one. The second class is made up of the next section of the roll, a larger number of moderately rich people whose incomes total £5,000. They exercise another third of the voting power. The last class consists of the small wage-earners, whose incomes make up the remaining £5,000, and though they are the vast majority of the voters, they have only the same voting power among them as the one rich man of Brebach.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes, all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

NOT A MUSHROOM NOVELTY

But a useful every-day article that has come to stay amongst up-to-date approved wrist wear.



SQUARE WRIST WATCHES.

The movements are specially made with a view to securing that accuracy and reliability in time-keeping which characterises our productions, no machinary has as yet been erected which could strike off the cases wholesale, like buttons or current coins. These watches for the moment therefore are exclusive in design.

ADJUSTED, TIMED AND WARRANTED.

STERLING SILVER. Large or Small with leather or Silk Sides, Rs. 70; with Web side Rs. 105.
18ct Gold LARGE SIZE, Leather or Silk Sides, Rs. 260.
18ct Milanese Web Band Sides, Rs. 400. 15 and 18ct. Gold Small Size.
18ct. Watch, Leather or Silk Sides, Rs. 210.
15ct. Web Sides 18ct. Watch Rs. 365.
18ct Watch and Web Sides, Rs. 390.

QUAINT IN SHAPE. CLASSIC IN APPEARANCE. ORIGINAL IN DESIGN.
These features influence attention and excellence of time-keeping influences admiration.

WE CLAIM ORIGIN OF INTRODUCTION OF ALL WRIST WATCHES.
FIRST WITH
The Military Model.
The Service Model.
The Lentille Shape
The Automatic Spring.
AND FIRST AGAIN IN SQUARE WATCH WEAR.

Introduced by and procurable only from the Pioneers of Wrist Watch Fashion.

MARCKS & CO., LTD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.
When weary and tired—take HORLICK'S, and get that feeling of fitness.
Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.
As a beverage HORLICK'S surpasses all alcoholic drinks, as it recuperates without giving any reaction, and is delicious to take, especially when iced. Children maintain their health and resist disease—and do not waste away when fed on HORLICK'S MALTED MILK.
NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

SPECIAL COMPETITION FOR RESIDENTS IN INDIA.
The Proprietors of - - -
Wright's Coal Tar Soap
Are offering valuable cash prizes to the readers of this paper who correctly forecast the number of Births registered in the United Kingdom for the three months ending December 31st, 1910, as certified in the Official Return of the Registrar-General for that period.
In the event of no competitor sending the exact figures, the prizes will be awarded to those sending the nearest estimates.
First Prize = £50
Second Prize, £25 Third Prize, £10
Wright's Coal Tar Soap Coupon.
I estimate the No. of Births in the United Kingdom for the three months ending December 31st, 1910, to be.....
Name.....
Address.....
To assist competitors in their forecasts we give the official figures for the past four years as follows:—
Three months ending December 31st, 1906=281,526
" " " 1907=274,031
" " " 1908=276,109
" " " 1909=274,270
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The above Coupon must be sent attached to an OUTSIDE wrapper of a tablet of WRIGHT'S Coal Tar Soap. Competitors sending any other wrapper than WRIGHT'S will be disqualified. Competitors may send as many estimates as they like provided a wrapper as above is attached to each coupon. If two competitors should send the exact figures the first and second prizes will be added together and equally divided. If three or more competitors are correct the third prize will be added to the first and second and divided equally in a similar way.
The decision of the Advertising Manager will be final.
No correspondence can be entertained.
Last day for receiving replies, Dec. 31st, 1910.
Owing to the time that elapses before the official returns are issued, the result cannot be announced until April 3rd, 1911, on which day it will appear in the Bombay "Times of India," "Madras Mail," Calcutta "Englishman," Allahabad "Pioneer," and Lahore "Civil and Military Gazette."
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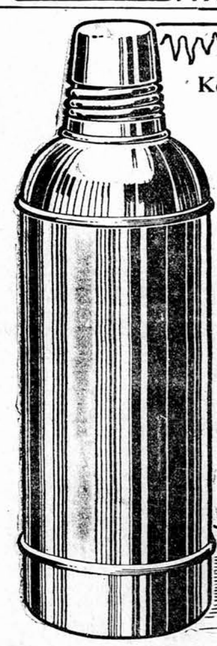
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"ROYAL" IN THE STABLE, ELLIMAN'S for Sprains, Rheumatism, Curbs, Splints when forming, Sprung Sinews, Capped Hocks, Overreaches, Bruises, Cuts, Broken Knees, Sore Shoulders, Sore Throats, Sore Backs in Horses. Sprains in Dogs, Cramp in Birds, etc.
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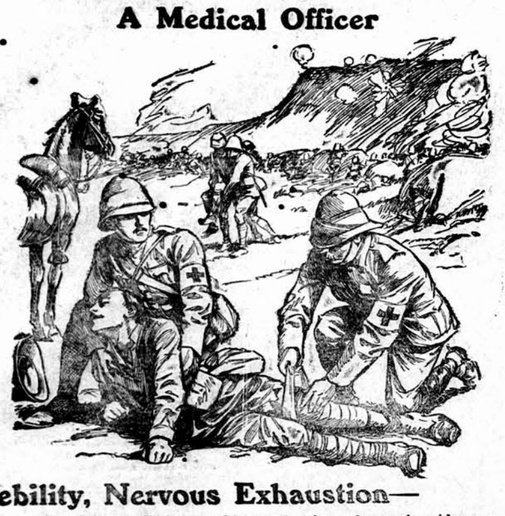
A Medical Officer



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Certainly the absolute confidence of eminent doctors is evidence enough of the exceptional benefits imparted by Phosferine. Even doctors cannot do more to prove their confidence than by *using Phosferine to remedy their own disorders*. Could any proof be more definite, more convincing than the testimony of John Dodd, D.S.M., Medical Officer in the late South African War, who says: "After being shot through both lungs I was dangerously reduced, and I attribute it solely to Phosferine that I regained my usual health. I have *proved* the value of Phosferine in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion." This brilliant medical officer found Phosferine particularly serviceable for insufficiency of nerve force, and declares nothing was so suitable in combating fevers, chills, &c.

Not possible now

John Dodd, D.S.M. (late of the Medical Staff, 5th Imperial Yeomanry, 1st Brigade, South Africa), Ladysmith House, Witton-le-Wear, writes: —"I have had considerable experience in the use of your invaluable remedy Phosferine, and it has proved particularly serviceable where there exists *insufficiency of nerve force*. This condition, often due to primary weakness, lays the system open to influenza, colds, neuralgia, rheumatism, indigestion, fevers, and in remedying this predisposition I have found *nothing so suitable* as your preparation. Phosferine invariably goes to the root of the mischief direct. The *certainty* of its action is moreover an estimable feature. In debility and kindred ailments, caused by a reduced system, *it has unprecedented power*, and in my own case I can bear evidence to its exceptional value, and am indeed greatly indebted to its wonderful restorative properties. During the late war in South Africa, I was shot through both lungs and pericardium and that reduced me most dangerously; after taking Phosferine for about two months it brought me back to my usual health. *I attribute this solely to the use of Phosferine.* I have advised Phosferine in several cases, and *proved* its value in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion."—March 11, 1910.

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and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

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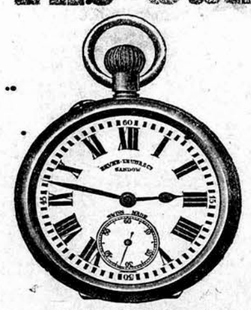

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Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—
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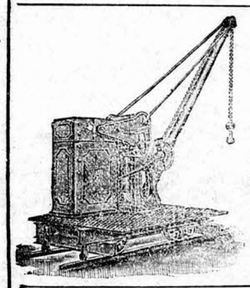

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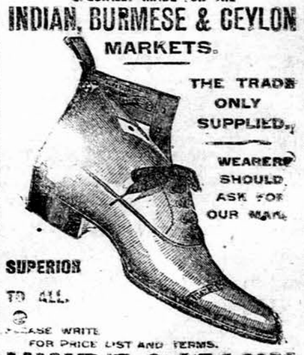

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